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VOLUME XXXIV.

SERVE OF FUESOSIPTION-IN ADVANCE

JEFFERSON COURT - Monday, August 15th .- Inventories of the estates of Elizabeth Seaton, J. P. Etchen, and H. M. McDougall;

George Baber had a certificate to procure IIcense to practise law.

Hamilton Ormaby was appointed overseer of the road from B. L. Dorsey's to the Frankfort turnpike.

Commonwealth, by Catharine Cavlney, vs. Daniel Divine, on a charge of bastardy; defendant gave bail to appear on the 22d inst. James P. Sharp was quelified as Notary Public for Jefferson county.

The following settled accounts were filed (on the 8th), and continued thirty days for exceptions: Henry B. Moore, executor of Celia Wm. Kennedy; Thes. W. Miller, guardian of Samuel E. Kennedy; and John Kennedy, guardian of Bilzabeth B. Kennedy. Also, Geo. C. Hunter, administrator of S. V. Hunter; Mathis Linder, administrator of Peter Linder; and S. S. Meddle, administrator of

W. W. Small. S. S. Meddis appointed administrator of W W. Small; Matthew Meddis surety.

The will of Pen. T. Stewart was proved and ordered to record; Mrs. Ssrah E. Stewart qualified as executrix without snrety, as requested by the will.

Trabue and wife vs. Aun Redeky; defendant entered exceptions to the order of the Court, appeal prayed, and two weeks' time given to prepare a bill of exceptions. Miller vs. Kellar; rule dismissed tor want of

John H. Stoepler appointed gnardisu of Ann and Wm. Schneider; William Stoepler David Pound sppoluted admioistrator of

Nancy M. Ponnd; J. L. Pound snrety. John W. Bell appointed administrator of

C. W. Logan; Virgil McKnlght snrety. Harriet Owen appointed guardian of James H. Owen; George A. Owen surety. John A. Hays appointed administrator of

A. J. Miller; A. R Groves surety. Thes. Prather's beirs vs. Thos. Prather's heirs; petition filed for division of land, and A. T. Pope appointed guardian ad litem for ln-

On motion of the County Attorney, a rnle against the Shelby street Plankroad Comsany to show cause why they shall not remove their first toligate further from the city limits.

The iniquitous efforts of the substitute hrokers in New York are exposed by the Journal of Commerce. Three young boys in a neighboring city were induced to accept employment in "civil engineering." One of them had an nucle, who hesitated to send the boy on to New York, but at length consented to do so, because the boy's father would boln the city, and could see him, and approve or disapprove the proposed employment. The boys came on. This one never saw his father. They were dragged on the cars, and woke to consciousness at Ward's Island, or some other recruiting rendesvous. The family friends of the boys were astonished at not hearing from them, and after a week or more received lettern describing their terrible situation. The most active measures were at once instituted. but before they could be applied these three vonng boys, not sixteen, either of them, were in the rifle-pits before Petersburg. There they were found, and discharged. The most atrocions crimes have been committed by scoundrels who are engaged in the business of procuring soldlers. General Dix spares ne severity in punishment when such cases come within his knowledge. War has Its attendant horrors in a long train invisible to the eye of the ordinary observer, besides the horror of the battle-field and the hospital.

Chop PROSPECTS .- A letter from Pembroke. Obristian county, Ky., says the rains in that vicinity have been very partial, amounting to nothing more than slight showers. Previous ly everything in the shape of vegetation was literelly parching up and the change now is hardly perceptible. Very short crops of corn and tobacco are anticipated, not over a third of the former and one-fifth or sixth of the latter. The wheat yielded better than it promised early in the season, perhaps about a good half crop.

A gentleman from Owensboro, who during the nest month has been through Wisconsia and Northern and Central Illinois, says he never saw better prospects for crops of cara, wheat, and oats, although in some parts of Wisconsin the chinch-bug has been quite de-

During the McCook raid around Atlanta, company K, of the 4th Kentucky vo!following persons by capture: Lieutenant A. Stewart, S. D. Murrell, T. B. Matthews, E. R. | Immediately afterwards, Mrs. Penticost was Kennedy, John Woollum, W. T. Williams, E. Hamton, W. M Raby, G. Drury, J. Renshen, H. M. Reed, H. C. Reed, J. Miller, J. L. Redman, J. O. Barnett, J. Mitch, J. Prat, L. Looring, M. B. Folwell, W. Colter, T. Love, S. White, A. S. Barnard, J. W. Wolf, Louis Nuckles, J. Berry, J. Mergan, J. Sulivan, riding, by a negro woman who was hired as and C. Frits. Mr. H. N. Narden, who furnishes us thelist, adds that J. W. Dann was mortally wounded in the left breast and a

A bond of one thousand dollars, at the present rate of gold, will yield on the terms effered in the new loan, one thousand and nine dollars in eight years. But a fivetwenty bond, or a six per cent bond of 1831, at par, will yield in the same time twelve | cow, J. Helton, Jas. L. Hodge, Joshua Horhundred and forty eight dollars. Wo may flatter curselves with the idea that the patriotism of the people will not stop to calculate this difference of profit; but patriotism has nothing to do with it, east the New York | Wood, W. W. Wcotan, J. E. R. Young, Post, and, to make the new lean popular, it | Dr. W. B. Simmons, L. A. Deran, Stephen shon'd present an advantage over any other in the market.

General Jeff. C. Davis has been appointed to the command of the 14th army ccips, in place of General John M. Palmer, resigned. Lieutenant Colonel Ekin and Captains J. J. Dana, A. J. Perry, and B. C. Card have been promoted to Uolonels under the recent act of Congress providing for the reorganization of the Quartermaster's Department, and assigned to duty at the head of divisions 1, 2, 3, and 4, in the Quartermaster-General's office. Other appointments and promotions under that act have been made, and the full list will be promulgated shortly.

The greatest Indian war against the whites that has ever been known in this country is anticipated on the Western plains Governor Evans and General Cartis are said to be of this cpinion, and all the indications as that of the por's and inlets on the East so denote. The various tribes are believed to | Coset of the Duchies of Schleswig and Holhave been tampered with by rebel emissaries, and to have combined for a general war

Hawcsville and Owensboro, Kentucky, builders for the ideviculations-the authori. be an expansive job to these maranders. tice of Iodiana and Kentucky acting in cor-cort in this matter.

You may know a real Irish potato from its eyes being black and blue.

etated that a detachment of Federal troops was in pursuit of the gang of guerillas that passed through Grsyhampton, Meade county, on the previous day. In that article we said that Capt. Gore was in command. We have since learned that the detachment was from the 48th Kentucky volunteers, with Lient. Gregory, of that regiment, in charge. The Lieutenant followed the guerillas some six miles beyond Graybampton, when, losing all trace of their movements, he returned to Rizabethtown. He thinks that the gang divided into small squads and scattered in various directions. The scout was abandoned econse in pursuing the guerillas beyon-Grayhamnton the Lieutenant had exceeded his orders. He had instructions to return to camp as soon as practicable, as his regiment was under marching orders. To sand a detachment of troops out after a gang of robbers with instructions to pursue them just so far and no inrther, and with orders to return at a stated time, seems to us, to say the least of it, not the most certain plan of breaking up the gnerilla policy in our State, although it has been so much practised, and so frequently marked by failure, that we wonder a chenge has not suggested itself to the authorities. Better experience has saught | much greater must have been the diminntion us that the rules and restrictions thrown Mcore; Mary A. Keouedy, administratrix of around operations in common warfare are then horses. Cattle were not more plentiful wholly out of place and should be abandoned | than borses before the war. They have been in the pursuit of gnerilla bands. In Kentucky, diminished with a constantly accelerating where the territory is overrun by outlaw speed. There were primarily needed for food gengs, and where there is no danger in pene- for the army; but had every beef barrel been trating the State too far, or getting bayond the aid of military camps, it is a useless show | self-multiplying ribs and loins, the need of of prudence to restrict the time and distance to sconts and instruct them to keep up the par- extent when the war broke out. There were

GUBBILLA Scours .- On the 12th inst., we

PROPOSED ASSASSINATION OF MAJOR-GHARD. AL BURBRIOGE,-The Cincinnatia Commercial nates that on Saturday last a man calling himself George A. Mason, arrived from Lexngter, Kentneky. In the evening be made himself noticeable at a room on Sixth street by heaping all the abuse his tongue was capaole of upon our Government, the Administraion, and the soldiers in the field. At the same place he made the acquaintance of a cerain party whom he supposed to be, like himself, an Englishman. Seeming to place confilence in this new acquaintance, he took him nto n private apartment, where, after indulging in a little more abuse, be unfolded to him a plan of rather startling character, vix: the assessination of Maj. Gen. Butbridge, who has of late rendered himself so edious to the secessionists of Kentucky. General Burbridge appeared to have a large share in the fellow's stock of hate, judging from epithets which he received in the course of the man's whispered converse with his confidant. After explainirg his plan-which was to kill the General with an air gun-Mason offered his companion \$500 ln gold if be would undertake the job of assassination. The party to whom this infato reflect thereon, and agreed to meet Mason at the corner of Sixth and Vlne streets, on Sunday morning, at nine o'clock. They then parted. Mason leaving the place while the other went and divulged the affair to Lient. McGrew and Sergeant Robinson, who, with commendable promptitude, accompanied him to the point of meeting, at the designated hour, and arrested Mason. Upon the examination of the prisoner's person, papers and notes were found, showing him to be an Englishman by birth; that he had been two years in the rebel army; that he was imprisoned in the Old Capitol Prison, and that, since his release, he has travelled all over the West and South and the Canadas, passing frequently through our lines. About his person there were found also a heavy revolver, a

A CASE OF POISONING .- On Friday night ast, says the Nashville Press, the wife of Thomas J. Pentecost died from the effects of poison. The circumstances of the case are as ellows: Some few days since, having been attacked with a hemorrhage of the lungs, Mrs. Pentecost had been advised by her attending physician to drink several times furing the day brandy mixed with salt. The edicine was prepared and the nottle left on he mantlepieco. On Friday evenlng, Mr. Pentecost took his wife out riding, and returned om a pleesant drive in the suburbs to bis ome about dark. As usual just before cating supper she poured ont a wineglass in!l of the orardy and drank it, when she immediately complained of the bitter taste it had. Mr. Pentreest then took a small draught, and was unteer veneran mounted intantry, lost the estiefied that it contained ingredients other than which the bottle originally contained. taken very sick, and, in the course of half an G. Lawson, M. Slatton, J. Morgan, Jr., A. J. | honr, expired. A number of physicians were called in previous to her death, who were in-M. Speccer, W. H. Edwards, J. J. Sullivan, mediately satisfied that her death was occasioned by strychnine put Into the bottle. Circumstances have since transpired which lead to the belief that the poison was put into the bottle while Mr. and Mrs. Pentecost were on:

elung-shot, and some money, including a cou-

siderable sum in gold. Mason will be hold to

await advices from the proper authorities

TO BE SENT NORTH OF THE OHIO -The following-named citizens, heretofore confined in the Military Prison at Chattanooga, are to be sent north of the Onio during the war: Andrew Brown, Joshua Barton, B H. Clark, S. M. Copeland, James Denman, Wm. Grey, Nelson Grigg, Francis Glascow, Robt. Glaston, Gidcon Jackson, Nathan Lowe, James Montgomery, Daniel Macks, Obas. W. Mills, Rev. W. McNutt, Wm. Potts, Lewis Terry, Abraham Tate, David Vanghn, Robert J N. Allan, Alex. G. Bullock, R. A. Guina, Reser, John Cook, E. D'Orsey, V. H. ock, R. V. Blackwell, E. C. Ward, J. C. Mathias, M.S. Montgomery, J. H. Kinney, W. T. Yerbrough, Joseph Parker, A. M. Davis, W. L. Beber, C. Miller, J. H. Clark, J. T. Lyddel, A. P. Kennon, Geo. A. Gerrolds, Jacob Cluty, R. P. Harrison, P. S. Stovall, R. W. Rhodes, Newton Varner, A. M. Turner, Wm. Jones, J. M. Williams.

Rev. W. McNutt and James Montgomery are from Bradley county, Tennesses; the others are trom different portions of Georgia,

thes been efficially announced to the State Department, that, in consequence of the conclusion of a suspension of hostilities between Denmark and the German Powers, the blocksde of the Prassian ports of Colberg. Can min, Swinemunde, Wolgast, Griefswnide, Straleund, Aarth, Danzig, and Pillan, as well stein, was ordered to be raised on the 20th of

Onite a number of gunboats, of the murquito fleet, are at present patrolling the are at present garrisoned by a large force of Ohio river between Evansville and New colored troops. Every precaution is being Albany, watching the movements of gueriltaken to potent the Indiana and Kentucky las. Any attempt to cross into ladinoa will

SCOTHERN STIPLIES .- The Charlians, Says the North American and Unit 1 3 ates G: sette, have extended their commerce with the rebels and entered into a more hazardous copartnership, which, while it attests their spirit, witnesses yet more markelly the great exand St. Lawrence have within the last fortlight been carrying to Quebec considerable roves of horses, purchased on rabal account Western Canada. At Quebec, the Cana lian authority for this statement reports that hey will be shipped for a Mexican port. rom this port, whichever it may be, the ergo will be passed over Mexican territory nto Texas, from Texas to the Gulf States est of the Mississippi, and thence into the artillery, cavalry, and commissariat departments of the rebel government. The first fact apparent from this movement

is the exhaustion of horses in the South, which was excellently supplied. The next is the extreme difficulty of relieving that exhaustion. We are prepared to concede the former without question, and only wonder that its results have not been more manifest in the operation: of its armies and the want of transportation But, if korses have decreased in this way, how of other animals more necessary for support fulland every butcher's shambles adorned with hides for boots and shore would have cansed be made by a scout. If an enemy's territory | them to meltaway like dew under a bright sky. was in our front, gnarded by a hestile army, Pork has been and is quite as much needed then it would be wise to pursue the cautions | es beef, and the supply of swine was never policy; and it would exhibit rashness to al. large. The West always provided Sonthern low a small detachment to penctrate too far cities and plantations with a better article at from its base. The only encoessful way to a less cost than it could supply itself. Sheep operate against guerilla bands is to send ont were just beginning to be raised to a notable suit as long as there is a shadow of hope for some large flocks in Georgia and Texas; but enceces. If no restrictions had been placed even at the commencement of hostilities on Lieut. Gregory's movements, it is more | thousands were purchased in Mexico for the than probable that he might have succeeded | latter State, and the former had begon to lmin cepturing large numbers of the scattered, port from New England and New York to improve its breed. If the horses, which were frightened outlaws. As it is, he retorned cotices from a long and harassing expedi- never killed, have diminished so much that they have to be procured from Ganada, what must the case bo with other animals, even more neccessary, which have been in process

> mafe to believe, with this testimooy, that ani mal food is not superabundant there. The voyage which will have to be taken by the animals purchased in Canada is such that we fear only a minimum of the original parchase will survive to reach Atlanta. Down the St. Lawrence, down the Atlantic, through the West Indies and around Caps Florida, across the bay, and then by land across some part of Mexico, across Texas and the Mississippi, they proceed to their intended destinaion. Some will die at sea from storms and some from change of food; some from change of climate, and some, if portissafely reached, from the fatignes of travel. Nor are theee the only causes of loss. Rvery vessei lncurs the risk of being captured before arrival, and

et slanghter for four years? It is certainly

so lessening the per cent of recelp's. The distance to be accomplished by this onterprise, contrasted with the former, direct distance, is an Item of moment. From Western Canada to Atlanta is about five hundred miles as the crow flies; but by the rouse which hes to be employed under the circumstances which create the business, this dis tance is magnified to as many thousandspartly by sea, partly on foot, partly by river steamers, and the residue by railway. This increase of distance enhances the cost, so that among the rations of rebel camps it will constitute almost as expensive a diet as Apicius erjoyed or Heliogebalus superintended. The eaters will be fed at a klug's cost, though their diet be no richer than what South African boors would reject with disdain.

These facts interweave well with what we can infer from the desperate luvasions made into Kentucky and Pennsylvania for food. They show that the food question has at last reached the point so long expected, and that hunger is beginning to be felt. It may yet become an important adjunct to our arms. Were the crops of the South abundant and accessible, they would be used before venturing too boldly within our lines for food chiefly. Were the plains and billeides there ss populous with cattle as they have been represented, a distance equal to one-sixth of tha globe's circumference would not be attempted, at great rick and cost, to provide meat. So that we may expect some assistance from an ally, who, when he wars, mildly weakers, and, when his full force is expend

ed. kills. Though sailing from one neutral port to another, and probably under a neutral flag, it is question whether our cruisers may not find mething contraband of war in these rebel supply ships that will subject them to canture. When their cargoes are landed and driven esstward, the vigilance of our gunboa's on the Mississippi, and of parties always ready for such enterprises, may prevent them from reaching the place of consumption. The export is announced. We will wait to loarn it; subsequent history.

MR. CHASE'S RESINATION .- The Paulding Ohio) Gazette publishes the following lett r from Mr. Chase, in reply to one from Joseph Cable, inquiring the reasons which led to the former's resignation. It was not designed for publication, but is now published as an act of

WASHINGTON, July 11, 1264. My Dear Sin: We have not writin on hother frequently of late, but my regard for you has by no means niminished. Hard at ork, I have not had time for correspondence, at my beart still holds to my old friends.

I must there is no ground for fear that the cuptry is again to be carsed with the mislancous currency of local corporations, but was one of my strongest desires to give the cre stoutly resisted outside, and had not treest support inside of the administration. They were steadily prevailing, however, when a sense of duty to myself and the country alone compelled me to resign. I hope they will not be abandoned.

Your triend, S. P. CHASE.

we stated that a fire had occurred in the suburbs of New Albany, but were without particulars. The Ledger of last evening fur nishes the following:

ECN. JOSEPH CARLE.

The starm of fire about eleven o'clock yesetday was occasioned by the burning of
the steam saw-will of William Jones, at the
ewer ship-yard. The mill was a voluable
one, and, hesides two sets of saws, contained
a planing machine. The less will be about
\$10,000, and just now falls heavily npon
Mr. Jones. Many everies have been circulared
with prograph to the coloring the fire oberging h regard to the origin of the fire, charging the fire was communicated from the c to the sawdust which lay strewn oround, and thus ignised the highly inflam -hie mustial of the luiding. The destruction which ensued was complete.

red cheeks. Owing to the terrible drouth in there States, pe clos are smaller than neal, but the quantity is far alond of proving specific and the specific states in Delawaro last year entraction. vera. The speculators in Delawaro list year of contracted for the free speculators in Delawaro list year on the first speculators of the fir

THE GREAT MCCLELLAN MEETING

EPERCH OF HON. JOHN B. HASKIN. Hen. John B. Haskin, of Westchesier county, was then presented by the President. As soon as the cheering with which be was greeted had subsided, he said:

lan, the Constitution, and the Union: I have come here to-night from the adjoining rural county of Westcheeter [a voice—"You are welcome here"] to join in the loud acclaim rising from this multitude of upturned faces in tayor of General George B. McOlolian for the next President of the United States be next President of the United States Great cheering] It affords me great pleas e to be on this stand, because I see hefor me the President, who was the first to get no that great regiment of brave soldiers, the 5 h Zouaves of New York, General Duryea, [An-plense.] All that regiment were organized within the county of Westchester, and they have done great service, probably the greatest of any in behalf of the Union and the Constitution. [Cheers] Fellow-citizens, on the 15th day of September, 1862, Abraham Lincol, the President of the United States—[terrifigroans, and shouts of "Hang himl'] I say Abraham Lincoln, the minority President of McClellan at Antietam, "God bless you and those who are with you." That was upon the saving of the republic by Gen. McClellan. I say if Lincoln, to motrow, should telegraph, it would not be with ablessing, but probably with a damning to him, and to those who are

I am here to night confined to a few minutes in the address which I shall make to you. The state of the thermometer and the number of rpeakers who are to follow me admonish me that it is proper that I should be brief.

to that proposition. At the same Congress a resolution was proposed by Charles Francis Adams, which was manimously adopted, in favor of an amendment of the Conetination of the United States, preventing in the luture, forever in the fature, any inte-ence with the local institutions of States, slavery among the number. [Cheers] Subsequently to that this man Lincoln, who has been false to all his prejudices [groads for Lincoln], this miserable creature of the lanaticism of the North, modified the proclamation ol John C. Fremout in September, 1863, showing that at that time he was disposed, if honesty was in him, to live up to the pledges under which he had been elected. After that, on the first of January, 1862, the emancipaion preclamation was promulged by him in prosition to his pledges and in opposition to or the abendonment of slavery follows the propositions. [Hisses for Mr. Lincoln]. fellow-citizens, I say that in all these things the President of the United States has usnrped powers to which he has no right, and in those usurpations he has done what brought Charles the First to the block and brought

I was admonished to-day, by an article published in the Herald, by my friend, Jas. Gordon Bennett, that at the meeting to-night I should speak in favor of Grant, or not against him. Permit me to say that it affords me pleasure here to bear testimony to the great soldierly ubilities of General Grant. He priat soldierly nollities of General Grant. He has behaved well as a great soldier of the public. I was admonished to say that Gan. Grant had taken one hundred thousand prisoners. I say that he has done so, and I wish to God that he had taken the entire army of Lee, bagged them, and put down the rebellion orever. If he had done so.

But the man whom we have met to hono to-night is George B. McClellan [loud cheere] -he whose policy, if it had not been inter-fered with by this nigger Administration, would before this have produced peace and restored the old Union. [More cheers for Mc.

Grant one iota. As little would I think, if I had been a citizen of Old France under the great Napoleon, of detracting from the merits of General Ney as I would detract from Gen. Grant; but General Grant has, after going to Washington, put himself under the direction ot Lincoln, acting as directory in carrying out his prejudices against the plans of Gen. dcOlellan, and ho has undertaken a campaign which has resulted, not in the capture of one hundred thousand prisoners, but, nufortnnately, in a lose of one bundred theus without obtaining a victory. ["Thai's so"

I preciated General Jackson, and alth

Taylor.

Fellow-citizens, the necessity for the suppression of this rebellion and n change of this Le forcwell address of Washington—because, e would not carry ont the President's views no nibeniger question, he was again at emptain to be disgressed. He was remived from he command, and then followed Barnside with he slaughter at Frederickstorg; then followed locker with the slaughter at Chancelorsille: and from benceforth have fo'lowed de

the wire-workers and politicians may try to dete "cl'au's nomina ion at Cuicago, I bave

On mo ion the resetu ion was adopted with Proclamation. Notice is hereby given to all persons o'va

TELEGRAPHIC STWS BVENING DESPANCTAS.

Mr. President, friends of George B. McOlel-A Counter Movement on Richmond. Early's Force Considered in Danger

his friends. [Applause]

The present Administration came into power from pledges contained in the Universe plater much at they would not interfere with slaveform that they would not interfere with slave-ry in States were it existed. They had no power to interfere with it. ["That's so."] in addition to that the last Congress of the Uni-ted States, the Thirty-sixth Congress, of which I was a member, passed a resolution in Feb-eral Government had no power or control whatever over slavery in the States, commit-ting every member of the Republican party to that proposition. At the same Congress a the Constitution under which we live.

More recently he has promulgated another proclamation, "To all whom it may concern," addressed to Jim Bag Sanders, to the effect that he, as President of the United States, will receive no offers of peace unless the abolition of slavery the abendonment of slavery the abendonment of slavery the states.

onis the Sixteenth to the guillotine. [Uneers,

I would not detract from the lanrels of Gen.

Now, fellow-citizens, the ides of November are approaching, and when I look around me and see the enthnesasm exhibited for George B. McClellan, I see the bandwriting on the wali that he will be the next President of the United States. [Lond cheers.] The American eorle are always strong in tucir appreciation of the true rublic men of the country. They was prrecuted they made him President. They for a time persecuted Van Buren and made him President. As little could they prevent bey election of McClellan as that of Zack

Administration is so great that it becomes the duty of every citizen to take part in the coming election. ["That's so.'] This is a question with us of bread. The present Addiristration are going on spending four mil ons a day, and they fell you that the nation I debt is between eighteen and ningteen hundred millions; but I tell you it is over four thousand millions to-day. The poor soldiers have not been paid for the last four or six months. The losses in the army of the Potomac have been so great that it would be the pert of wiedom, if they had the courage, to withdraw the army from before Petersourg, and go into the defences of Washington again. But they have no, the moral or the political courage to do what is right. [Applause and "that's to."] The inevitable negro has taken possession of their hearts, and they are devoting themselves exclusively to ecple are hearing wounds, sears, death, and offices undue bered for the purpose of asnting them till the next Presidential election n carrying out their followindess. Let us ack for a remont at the career of Gen. Moleck for a retiment at the career of Gen M. Clellan. Called to the Army of the Potomar, a tupon his own solitization, he organized that army, and carried it down to before Richmond, nearer than Grant and his forces two ever heen. He carried on the cambaign, which, if the administration had been true in carrying out his plats in giving him the reinforcements of McDowell, would have resulted in the capture of Richmond. He is brought back from Richmond in apparent disgrace. The second battle of Bull Run is found: The second battle of Ball Ruu is fought; he is invited again, after Pope and his troops were whipped, to take command of the army, I was in Washington when he accepted that command to save Lincoln and the republic. naich around him and sing the loud huzza and the red field was won at Antiet in an another than the second of September, 1802, by General McClel

the part of the Othon armies, which will take some lime to develop

The Herald's City Point correspondence of the 14th, says but little firing has occurred for a week past until yesterday morning. At 6 M heavy filing was heard in the direction eats of the government forces, which, my judgment, would not have occurred housing been done the man that we intend

dded their fire to the other. The affair was one of artillery engagement

The Progress Made with the Cauxi Enemy Think it a Valuable Weik. And will use it when the War Geazes Rebels Wake an effort to Disledge us

It Proves Totally Ineffectual as Yet. Every are Mining our Earthwerks.

Terrible Explosion opposite the City. Our Heavy Siege Guns Remoyed.

Str. Gladiator Sunk in the Mississippi Rumors and Reports from Virginia.

Movements of the Opposing Armies. Their Furposes not yet Daveloped. The Latest News from City Point,

Heavy Firing is Again Resumed. Affairs Around the Besieged City.

The Ensmy Erecting New Works. The Operations on the James River A New Scheme of Maj. Ger. Builer's

A Canal to Shorten Cammunication Early Retreating from Strasburg. Lee Sends 20.000 Men to the Valley

Sheridan's Movements and Dosign. Gor. Falmer Relieved of his Command Later Intelligence from Europe

Special Despatches. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAO,

Angust 13. }
Four days ago a force was torown across
he James river at Dutch Gap, a narrow isthmns that prevents Farrore's island from being an actual island. Major B. C. Ludlow, of Gen. Butler's staff, was in command. The object was to cut the canal across the istumus, which is only one hundred and firty yards wide at that point, while around Farrore's pentusula by way of the river it is five

Dutch Gap is opposite where our iron clads ay, and about balt a mile below where the right of Butler's line cuts the river. At the extremity of the peninsula, above our iron alads, are rebel obstructions in the channel, end close by Holmee's battery, which has often regaged the iron clads.

Major Ludlow Immediately set to work constructing two lines of earthworks across the lathmus, one on either side to project the liveh, and also protect the battery. His operations were unsolested until 5 o'clock this morning, when the rebelsopered on Howlett's bettery, a mile and a half westward on his left, with the Virginia and Richmond iron clads half a mile up the river northward, and

right. They could only bother us with artillery, since on the front and rear is the river, and in antry cannot approach on the narrow front on either side. Their hatteries and iron-clads fired without ceasing until nearly noon, but without an alarming effect. A few of our men were struck, but our soldiers grinned at the wild chooting. The working parties on the canal did not for an instant lay saide the

pick, shovel, or wheelbarrow.

Half of the force consisted of negroes, who were particularly cool and sleady.

A lucky shot from a 100-pounder parrost in the Grow's Nest battery entered an embrasure of the rebel ort at Howlett's house and dismounted a gnn own iron clads searcely fired any during the

day.
It is certain that the rebels cannot displace the ledgment at Dutch Gap. Should they try it again, we shall be ready with more guns han we had to-day. Richmond papers of to-day announce that we are entting a dischat Du'ch Gap, and hop

we will complete it, since it will be of great value when the war is over, and he some com ensation for the destruction we have inflicted It is definitely accordanced that large reinforcements of infantry, cavidry, and twenty gnns, have gone to the Shenandoah Valley to upport Early. It is undountedly true that he rebels are extensively congaged in mining the results are extensively engaged in mining bur earthworks in front of Petersburg. As a recaution, our beavy siege guns have been removed from certain portions of the line. Nearly all of Lee's army proper, it is now positively asserted, tave gone to the Shenandosh Valley who is gerloudy threatened.

support Early, who is seriously threatened The only rebel troops now remaining at etersburg are Beauregard's torces and one ivision of Longstreet's corps Ocunter movements on our part are being made on Richmond. The Enquirer has a lengthy editorial on the fail of Fort Gaines,

which it says has gone the way of all isolated positions exposed to the concentrated assumes of the Yankee navy, and the flanking operations of troops debarked npon commanding It regards the capture of Mobile as one o the reasonable probabilities, and a-ks what then? Will the Confederate cause be weakmen to some point, where they will not have to meet iron-clads. The invasive atrength of the enemy will be n-paired and ours strong hened.
There was a terrible explosion of a shell is

and three white boys were ki lod, and a large amount of properly destroyed. To the Associated Press.

Bradly's machine shop a ross the river from Richmond, on the 3J, by which five negroes

The steamer Gladiator, from St. Louis New Orleans, laden with Government propriy, sirnek a rock in the Mississippi river, th he main deck. She can be raised. New Yoak, Aug. 14.

Aspecial to the World, dated Washington, the 15th, says there are plenty of ramors in circulation here to day in regard to the movenest of which are undoubtedly without foundation. There seems to be little doubt, however, that important changes are going on in the disposition of the robel forces, which of ccurse causes corresponding movements on the part of the Union armies, which will

f Drop Bottom, and steady and sometimes arious canodading was kept up all day. The attack commenced by the enemy proved be an attempt to dislodge, with their arillery, certain working parties of onra, which hey seemed to have just discovered. Their atteries were unable to accomplish it, howwn the river as ler as was prudent, and

at long large throughout, in which our loss s are incorriders be and theirs of course an-known. The character and design of operalocal Democratic organization throughout this Sia'c, favorable to the nomination of George B. McCleller to the Presidency, be, and are terrety, riques d to send one delegate and are terrety, riques d to send one delegate and are also marked to be Convence Convention to address that for some time part Gen. But or has the convention to be known as Builer Gap—noreafter to be known as Builer Gap—in the direct fare of the enemy, which done, among ottore uls by resson of its cituation, will compel the rebels to extend their line of data.

New York, Angust 16. The Herald's correspondent betwee Petersarg of the 13th says: The rehels have erected new fort on the site of the exploded one and opened yesterday with two Whitworth gnus. It is remarkable how few casualties curred yesterday. I heard of not more than or or five, and not the rehels throw at least

veral bundred shells during the day. The Times' Washington special says that seridan hea pushed his advance from Wintheset to Stra-burg. Early is retreating tom that point westward. It is believed to be Sheridan's intention to head off Early and navelop him between two forces, but as it is now positively accertained that Loe has sent tleast 20,000 men to reinforce the column in the valley, it will probably be astrong con-test for the possession of that region.

General Paimer, having been relieved at his own request of the command of the 14th corps, iss gone to his home in Illinois on leave of

absence.

That part of Kentncky lying west of the Comberland river has been added ito the Department of the Obio, and placed under the command of General Burbridge, who will, under the direction of General Schofield, exercise the function of Department commander. mander.

Naw Yoak, Angust 16. The steamer City of Baltimoro has arrived with dates of the 4th.

London, Aug. 1.—Consols closed at 89146 The England bank has advanced its rate of

disconnt to 8 per cent; Illinois Central 41@43 disconnt; Erie 41@43. All other news is an-dicipated by the North American's advices. We learn that a very serious fire ocarred in Bowling Green, Clay county, Ind., couses were burned down, and the loss is

uite large. NEW REGIMENTS FROM KENTUCKY .- The ollowing appears under the head of Covingon News, in the Cincinnati Genette of yes-

aiving of two regiments of infantry in Ken-ucky, for the period of twolve months. Lese troops will be credited on the late call f the President for 500,000 men, and, together with other enlistments that are now going on, tis certifically believed that the quota of our

These two regiments are intended to supply the election regiment are intended to supply the place, in part, of the twelve months' men now in the service, who have so ably defended the State, and are about to be mustered out. It is hoped that every effort will be used o recruit this force in the sbort time that is

If a full company is not raised by the time et for the draft, the parts of companies will e consolidated, duo regard being had to the claims of recenting officers; and the same rule will be applied to regiments.

We have no authority for so stating, but we have no dcub, that, though organized as insurry, the regiments will be mounted, as ara

List of casualties of the 3d brigade, 21 week ending August 6, 1864: John Spradlin, co K, 14th Ky, killed, John A Howe, co U, 14th Ky, killed, John S Cock, co B, 30th Ky, killed, Lett Thomas Steward, co F, 14th Ky, killed, Larles Blair, co F, 37th Ky, killed,

orco immediately.

Charles Blair, co F, 77th Ky, Killed.

WOURDEN.

Robert Boyer, co G, 16th O, left temple, elight.

Jerse Brown, co O, 14th Ky, left arm, severe.

Valenthe Climp, co O, 50th O, left thigh, elight.

Joth Binkhead, co A, 27th Ky, ear and cheek, severe.

Jas Blaris, co A, 27th Ky, ear and cheek, severe.

Jas Blaris, co A, 27th Ky, right knee, elight.

Corp Brank Montgomey, co A, 37th Ky, thigh, elight.

Henry Thomas, co H, 17th Ky, right breast, slight.

Corp Hiram Presey, co B, 14th Ky, right breast, slight.

Corp Hiram Presey, co B, 14th Ky, right breast, slight.

System Corp. 14th Exy, right soot, elight,

Sylvester White, co D, 14th Ky, right bright, evero.

Mathew Gullett, co L, 14th Ky, right high, evero.

John H Cench, co F, 8ch Ky, right shoulder, slight.

Thes Pullen, co H, 10th Ky, right leg, sligat.

Thes Pullen, co H, 50th O, right arm, severe.

John Cant, co M, 60th O, right arm, severe.

John Cant, co M, 60th O, right hind, ecvero.

Vincen Breefish, co K, 50th O, right hand, severe.

Vincen Breefish, co K, 50th O, right hand, severe.

Paulek Dally, co H, 80th O, left arm, severe.

Paulek Dally, co H, 80th O, left arm, severe.

Paulek Dally, co H, 80th O, left arm, severe.

Old Svergt O Hedderry, co G, 50th O, sentuelon, severe. WOUNDSE,

, bresst, alight.
y, thigh end arm, severe,
r, breast, slight.
Ky, shou'der, elight.

You may expect to hear from me, as usual,

[Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.] NEAR ATLANTA, GA., August 7, 1364. bave been reading the Journal ever since e have been in this campaign, and fully in-one your views. I have always been a Demorat, and now believe, as in days good by, it he policy of the old Whig or Democratic parics had been fully practised, we would not www be involved in this war, so disastrons to he government. And let me say, further, to not believe, that, in order to he a loya au, it is necessary to indorse all the abo tion notions of the party in power. I hope the good, conservative man of the States will select some good Union man at Chicago, then elect him to the Presidency in place of the present incumbent, who has done everything to taild up his party, and very little, if any-thing, to put down this rebellion, except in the way of freeing slaves. For this reason he has made his administration very weak and flective. He has underinken more than h for the purpose of putting down this rebellion, and not for freeing slaves. I ask your par-

len for writing so much.
I remain, very respectfully,
your obedient servant,
V.

LEAF TOBACCO.—Since the left linet, the demand has extinued brisk, at full prices; and, for the better naticus, in excess of the offerings. The comparately mail quantity on sale, considering the large comple, came a remark. Nadoubt a good deal is held of the market at means and mail to the comparate of the came a remark.

ofton—The approxing and speculative demand has nactive since the lat inst, advancing the value of dd ing from \$1.63@177, but within the last two days market has become quiet and easier, closing at 2:. here'gits since the latters, \$1,648 bajes, but the virgulations leated from Washington, the reinness proposes to buy, through apenal arents less than the proposes to buy, through apenal arents less than the proposes to buy, through apenal arents less than the proposes to buy the form outside.

the war troke out a young man belonging in this city enlisted and carried to the field with him a photograph of his betrothed. He was taken prisoner, and coefined for a long period in the Libby Prison at Richmond. Waile there one of the rebel officers on duty, happening to have seen the photograph, appropriated it, and refused to return it to the owner. The flicer seemed infatuated with the likeness of the Northern beauty; and, in order to have opportunity to talk about her, made himself opportunity to talk about her, made himself the instrument of many kindnesses to the captive. At last the young soldier was exchanged, and in due time joined his regiment. During a recent battle he was at the front, where the deed rebel lay the soldier recog-n zea him as the officer who had appropriated his lady-love's photograph. The Cheer's ure fould. The above is no romance, but a correlable incident among the many enrions ques which cowd the history of the war.

ever recovied. No less than ten bave Lafayette Courier.

POLICE PROCHEDINGS—Tuesday, Aug. 16.— FROM HONORABLE RICHARD T. JACOB, OF KENTUCKY.

before the Grand Jury. Wm. Cole (f. m. c.), Sarah Oole (f. w. c.),

Sarah Allen (f. w. c.), Isabella Bray and Louisa Bliss, slaves, charged with stealing clothing worth ever \$4. Continued until to-

morrow. Wm. Fallan, drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Fined \$5.

Wm. Doyle, charged with having in his possession a \$20 counterfeit note, knowing the same to be such, with the intention to pass the same. Continued till to-morrow. Jas. Nugent, drunk and disorderly conduct.

M. Grogan, drunk and disorderly conduct. Sent before the military anthorities. Soran Mangdon and Mary Gallagher, two small girls, charged with stealing two boxes cigars. Held to bail in \$200 for six months.

Mary Blay, charged with killing the child of Auna Blay. Continued. THE REPUBLIC OF JOHES. - The Natchez Courier gives an account of a curious "repubwhich was erganized in Jones county, Mississippi, a year or so ago. It appears that unmbers of rebel deserters baving congregated In the swamps of that county, determined to form a government for themselves. A rebel last Tuesday morning. Several business Colonel Mowry, with a considerable force, was sent to disband them, and it was supposed had ancceeded, but It now appears that the malcontents offered a desperate resistance, dispersing the assailants, killing and wounding and capturing a considerable portion of them. The commander-in-chief of the Jones forces The War Department has authorised the | made a report announcing his victory to the Secretary of War for the Republic of Jones. After the fight an armistice was entered into,

and ministers were appointed to confer with the "so-called Conjederate States." Propositions for peace and an exchange of prisoners were effered by the Jones anthori. ties, and declined by the "so-called Confederate authorities." The Jones Congress has met, and entertained the question of forming an alliance with the United States, but the government of the latter was not considered sound on the secession question, and consequently the proposition was defeated. At last accounts the "Republic" was still in the enjoyment of health and strength, and determined to resist to death the encrosobments of the Confederacy. This is the story in subthe regiments whose terms are about expiring.

Let every effort be made to recruit this whether time or not forms an ampling as well whether time or not forms an amnsing as well as instructive picture of what would be the condition of some portions of the country division, 23d army corps, near Atlanta, for the should the "right of secession" be carried out to its in!lest extent. In addition to the "Ropublic of Jones," we should then have the kingdom of Smith, the limited monarchy of Brown, and the absolute government of Rob. lnson.

> A person of suspicious appearances, says the Evansville Journal of Monday, was brought up the river ln custody of W. W. Finnie, Provost Marshai of Union county, Ky. He was arrested on board the Charmor. A nevy revolver with belt and holster was found on his person. The hardihood and impudence of armed rehels and their emissaries in venturing on board the packets and passlng from point to point on the Obio river, is beyond belief. The guerilla Sorey, now a Colonel of Adam Johnson's command, spent several weeks in Monnt Vernon, and only crossed the river a few days before the murder of Rankin, In Henderson.

A Mr. Harvey was arrested in Crittenden county, Ky., a few days ago, on a charge of grand larceny. On Investigation It appeared that the charge was concocted by the rebel cltisens of that sention for the purpose of securing the enstedy of Harvey, who had Incurred their hatred because of his having served in the Federal army. On his way to Marion In charge of one Peyton and others be fortunately encountered some Federal soldiers who rescued him from his citizen enemies. It was doubtless the Intention to place him where he might fall into the hands of the gnerillas.

Bushwhacker Shor. - A bushwhacker, named James T. Mathews, was shot at Do-Soto, Mo., on Friday, while attempting to make his escape from the gnard. He was captured some time since near DeSoto, and the evidence against bim was positive. Colonel Baker, commandant of the post of St. Lonis, ordered Captain Montgomery, in command at DeSoto, to send the prisoner up to St. Lonis. The grard started with bim, when he attempted to make his escape, and was shot. The fact that he attempted to escape was sufficient proof of his gnilt.

ATTACK ON THE STEAMER ALICE.-On Sanday as the steamer Alice was descending Green river near Burksville, she was fired into by a party of six gnerillus concealed behind trees on shore. The fire was promptly returned by a squad of soldiers on board, and Deeply regretting that circumstances will not kept up until the boat ran out of range. Several balls struck the bont, four of them hitting the pilot-honse.

Bishop Kavanangh has changed the time of the session of the Louisville Annual Conference from the 5th to the 19th of Octo

ber at Henderson, Ky. EXCITEMENT AT EVANSVILLE-JOHNSON'S MOVEMENTS - WILD SPECULATIONS .- Evansville was greatly excited on Monnay. The preximity of the rebel Colonel Johnson, with a large force to that place, created the wildest alarm. Business was snspended in the city, the Legion called out, and the streets wore a martial appearance. Refngees from the Kentucky border were continually arriving in the city bringing wild and often improbable romors about Johnson's movements. In regard to the state of affairs the Journal has the following:

About nino o'clock last night the auxiety that had existed in the city colminated in a gennine alarm, by the arrival of a courier from Mcunt Vernon, announcing that the guerillae had appeared before Shawneetown on Saturday evening, attempting to cross on

encerefully and drovo them back. They then passed down to Salino Mines, four mlles below, where it is said they captured the Charmer and two other boats, supposed to batho Carrie and Gem. With the Charmer, it is said, they crossed \$00 men to the Illinois Immediately after the arrival of this conrier, the slaim guns were fired, and at oace the egion spring to arms, our streets swarming

with men and bristling with bayonets. As we have always predicted, when the danger, that has been so imminent for several wocks, was made manifest, our citizens responded with commendable promptitude, and within two hours at least 1 500 men were under arms, rather pleased than otherwise that they were remised an opportunity to have a bout with

he cowardly foe.

In addition to the legion in the city, cavalry and infantry came in an incredic e short
ime in o the city from the rural districts, and time into the city from the rural districts, and quite a little army was organized.

We have been informed for some days that the pregramme of the rebels was to cross the river at Shawneetown and capture the cannon there, and then march to Marion, Iil., where they have been promised 2,000 men from the Sons of Liberry, theu march to Chicago and Indianapolia, and liberate and arm the rebel prisoners at those places, and then commence is descriptional devastation. indiscriminate destruction and devastation frough the States of Indiana and Illinois We have not sufficient credulity to swallow his story entire, as we think the contract by other gnerilla chief to carry out. The alraogements for the protection of the city are ample, but of course details are contrabend; yet we have no doubt that the rabels will be fully advised of everything before

morning by their spies, with which the city

Geo. W. Rollisco, drubkenness and disorderly conduct. Discharged.

Henry Stover, disorderly conduct and carrying concessed a weapon. Held to suswer Curtis Ackerman, Committee on Investiga-

NUMBER 262.

WESTPORT, Oldhem Co., Ky., Joly 5.

WESTFORT, Oldbsm Co., Ky., Joly 5.

Gentlemmn: I regret that I cannot accept your polite invitation to attend and to address a mass meeting of my fellow-citizens of the city of New York, to be held in Uaion Square, on Wednesday evening, August 10, 1864, at 7 o'clock, In favor of the nomination and election of Major-General George B. Mc-Clellen to the position of President of the United States. I most heartily concur in the object of the meeting. In the election of a conservative candidate, we should keep in view that we require not only a statesman, a warrier, and a patriot, but one who, besides these great qualities, lives in the hearts of his cunntrymen, both citizens and soldies. Who but George B. McClellan combines these great requisites? His statesmanship is proved by his letter to the President, after his seven days' fight near Richmond, where he nrges him to adopt a policy which embraces the whole country, not a section, recognizing the rights of the States as one of the peculiar attributes of our government, or those powers not given to the Federal Government by the pecp's, and opposed to an anti-Christian splrit of revenge, plunder, confiscation, and extermination in the war, which must ead dist of revenge, plunder, confiscation, and ex-ermination in the war, which must end disastronaly to the national cause. As a war-rior, after two years of vile slander, detraction, and ridicule, that able General, and, I be-lieve, true patriot, Lientenant-General Grant, adopta Major-General McClellan's base line of operations on Jamesriver as his own to carry on the siege sgainst Richmend. What un-prejudiced mind now donbts that if McClellan and been supported by the administration Fri horced mind now donots that it actions had been supported by the administration, as Grant now is, but what he would have taken Richmond, destroyed the military power of the rehels, and restored the unity of the government two years ago? For that recreancy the blood of the one hundred and fifty thonthe blood of the one hundred and fifty thonrand gallant men who fell upon the bloody
fields of Fredericksburg, Obaocellorsville, and
the Wilderness, cry ont against this accursed
administration. For that recreamy the prople will yet set "their feet down" upon
Abraham Lincoln, and retire him to privato life, and exait to the Presidency
George B. McClellan, the man he so shamefully intrigued sgainst and personned at the
imminent risk of the destruction of the country. Maligned and insulted, when called
upon in their terror by his persecutors to save
the army and country when Pope had been so
elesstronsly defeated, he exhibited his patriotism by forgetting his own personal grievances, eiesstronsly defeated, he exhibited his patriotism by forgetting his own personal grievances, and rushing to the rescue, and crowning his ratriotism by the nuble victories of South Monntain and Antietaea. As to his popularly, no other American has co much the confidence of his countrymen, both cliters and soldiers. No other man can defeat Lincoln. No other can restore the confidence of the masses North and South; no other can restore and bring eace to the country upon the basis of the Union and the Constitution. We in Kentucky will hail his nemination with joy, and give him eighty thousand majority in November. The Administration recognizes this, hence the almost intolerable entrages and insults heaped most intolerable entrages and insults heaped upon a loyal people, by a ruthless military despotism, aided and abetted by a few misera-ble men who disgrace the name of Kentuckian ble men who disgrace the name of Kentuckian by basely pandering to power from last of position, or the love of plander, fattening noon the blood and misery of their countrymen. They cry 'Kentucky must take sides either with abolition or secession, Abe Lincoln or Jeff Davis." By the grace of God Kentucky has already taken her position, but neither for abolition nor secession, Abe Lincoln nor Jeff. Davis, but as immorable as her own bills about the simmorable sales of the state of the sales of th Davis, but as immovable as her own hills, she is for the Union and the Constitution of our failers, with the rallying cry of 'George B. McCiellan, the hero, patriot, and statesman," egainst Lincoln and all others. Kentucky

egainst in the attitude to this Administration that the nearmed traveller does to the bandit, with a cocked pittol at his head; he may surrender his purse, hat not his honor. They may rob, deenoll, and caluminate in defance of their sacred piedges and the Corsti utlon, in defiance of the respect due her sixty thousand braves who have bared their boscoms to the leaden storm in defence of the Union and the Constitution, in defian of the bones and blood of her gallant sons which whiten and crimson almost every batwhich whiten and crimson almost every hattle-field in this great and gigantic contest; but
they cannot dishonor, they cannot force her
to enpport an Administration so reckless, so
cornupt, so recreant to the great trust confiled
to them. In conclusion, we are for McOlellan, because he is the only man that can defeat Liucoln and restore the lategrity of tho
Uoion and the Constitution.
We are against Liucoln because he has violated the Constitution, and shumefully avows
it, substituting a one-man power in the place. it, substituting a one-man power in the place, and nsurping the powers of the people—governing the nation by orders, not by laws—
seizir g the defenceless and innocent citizen at
the bour of midnight, and casting him into a
leathsome dangeon, and withdrawing from
him the thield of the habeas corpus, a violation
of which cost Charles the First his bead. We

have attompted to suppress free speech, a trespress, and free suffrage, by an unjust and dangerous use of the military, and using in a three years' war what cost Great Britain two hundred years of war to exhaust. We are for Mo-Clellan hersnee be will conduct the nation safely through the conflict which threatens its overthrow. We are against Lincoln, because he has consolidated the strength of the rebellion, and will make it a success, to the atter ruin and degradation of our common country, alless at the ceming election he faremoved by the people. What says New York, shall he be re-elected, to the total dectruction of all that is dear and sacred? Kenthe tine tine that is dear and sacred? Kentacky sends greeting, and challenges her to the noble contect of upsetting the present corrupt and imbreils Administration, and electing George B. McOlellan the next President of the United States, thereby restoring the Union and the Constitution, and handing down unimpaired to the latest generation our sacred literities and all the great and inectimable for the landable purpose of advocating the

the hores of American freeman are centred. I remain very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
RICHARD T. JACOB.

soldiers used to call the rebels "Secesh;" in 1862, "Conieds;" in 1863, "Greybacks," and in 1864 they call them "Johnnies." A correspondent gives the Boston Transcript the following information about the origin of the last-named sobriquet:

The name of Johnny criginated in a quarrel between a couple of pickets, which began by the Frderal telling the rebel that they (the rebels) depended on England to get out of this ecrape, which the rebel denied emphatically, saying they were able to scrape themselves One word brought on another, until the bnny Bull any how; the rebel swore that he wenid shoct Yank if he called him a Johnny Bull again. The quarrel was stopped by another picket, and they soon cooled down, but the rehel kept muttering, "I'd as soon be called a nigger as Johnny Bull."

that poverty is only an idea in nine cases out of ten. Some men with ten thousand dollars a year suffer more for want of means than others with three hundred. The reason is, the richer man has artificial wants. His income is teu thousand, and, by hablt, he spends twelve or fifteen thousand, and suffers enough from being dunned for nupsid debts to kill a contitive man. A man who earns a dollar a day, and does not run in debt, is the happiest ot the two. Very few people who have never been rich will believe this, but it is as time as God's word. There are people, of course, who are wealthy and who erjoy their wealth, but there are thousands upon thousands, with princely incomes, who never know a moment's peace, because they live above their ment's peace, because they live above their means. There is really more happiness in tha world among working people than among

Ninus, the Assyrian King, about 2 200 years before Christ, led against the Bactrians an army of 1 700 000 horses and 16,000 chariots

L. B. GBIGSBY, J. F. BOBINSON, ir., Late Col. 24th Ky. V. Infy. Late Q. M. Guneral o. E. GRIGSBY & ROBINSON, GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENTS

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L tection of Quartermarker's and Commistery's Counterord Receipts, Pay and Bonny due discharged and
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CITY HOTEL. NASHVILLE, TENN. S. H. BULLEN,

weids that have been said in it and the great of the weids that have been done in it.

I all flesh is grass, one should think that the best war weapon must be a soythe.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS OLD friends and the public generally that he now has observed, this well-known and commo it us house, when he will be glad to see only pay every attention to silench as may favor him with their constems.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1864.

Onr readers are aware that Governo Curtin has called the Legislature of Pennsylvania to meet in special session, to take measnres fer the defence of the State. In his message to that body, npen its cenvecation last week, claiming that Pensylvania has steadily doveted her men to the great service, he says: From the beginning she has always been | mnch as to prevent lawless, andisciplined, and among the first to respond to the calls of tho straggling soldiers from perpetrating acts of United States, as is shown by her history, from the three months' men, and the reserve corps, to the present moment. Thus faithfully fulfilling all her ewn obligations, she had a right te be defended by the national force as part of a common country. Any other view would be absurd and unjust." We all knew der is tasted, friend and foe suffer alike. that, for three years in succession, Pennsylvanla has been subjected to invasion, and thi year the raid was repeated twice during ene month. Governor Cartla is a staunch sup- says that the Crasaders, who fought ander the porter of the Lincoln Administration, but he is impelled to the admission that the responsibility for this neglect or incapacity "will be settled by the peoplo." This is very trne, "but while the grass growsthe proverb is somewhat musty." There has been a very great want of propor management, and Kentncky can sympathize with the Keystone State in the sufferings which have resulted from delay in preparing adequate protection. The New York papers sneer at the Pennsylvanians in the same manner that some of the Philadelphia papers have been in the habit of sucering at Kentucky, but we have ever held with Gevernor Curtin that our State as part of the cemmon country onght to be defended by our national ferces. Kentncky, Pennsylvania, and West Virginla are the butwarks to the north, and while their volunteers are fighting before Richmond, Atlanta, Mobile, and other distant points, their own soil is raided and plundered by an ever-vigilant fce. The Philadelphia Bulletin, just received, notices onr account of the recent pillage of the little town of Boston, and, commenting on onr query, 'Can no protection be afforded to the people of Kentucky," says:

Distance may probably prevent us from indging correctly, but it is our belief that there must be something very "rotten in Denmark" when thirteen rebels can enter a town, and, roaming from building to building, possess themselves of such property as they may deem necessary to supply their present wants, and then "move off in the direction of Bardstown," uninterrupted by the ablo-bodied victims of the raid. The Jonrnal, however, always anxious to criticise the actions of the Government anthorities, overlooks the apathy or cowardice of its Beston friends, and insinuates by its queries that Kentucky is not afforded e protection it should have from the Union

The Bulletin, safe in its Philadelphia loca tion, with tiers of counties and the Susquehanna river between it and danger, has strutted like a peacock, and cast similar imputations upon the unfortunate inhabitants of Chambersburg, which have been denonneed by Colonel A. K. McClnre as "wholly false," while he stigmatized the authors as not caring "to he truthful or just." One of the false statements of the Bulletin, was that, when volunteer aid was asked for the night before the is a fact in political economy which our statesrebel occupation of Chambershurg, "less than one hundred of the thousands of ablc-bodied men" responded. The thirteen rebels who entered our little hamlet of Boston constituted a larger proportionate force than that which by our present experience. That lowentered Chambersburg under McCausland, ering a tax will frequently produce and yet Col. McOlure does not ascribe either a larger revenue than inareasing it is so ab-"apathy or cowardice" to his fellow-sufferers. | struse a fact in political philosophy that we The Bulletin also said that the entire road | can hardly hope that our legislators will comfrom Chambersburg to Harrishurg showed which were disgraceful to the people and humiliating to the loyal stranger who witnessed the nations of Europe were subjected before the exciting scene." This, too, Col. McClure taxation became a system and political econbrands as false, with eloquent indignation. omy a science. A tax npon sales would be showing that the citizens had been ordered a unital tax, easily levied, easily collected, away with their horses, cattle, and all that and not too hurthensome upon any class in would be valuable to the rebel army if they the community. But as such a tax offers but should fall into its possession. Under these 'little chance for extensive government patroncircumstances, though "distance may probably age, we fear it will be long hefore it will find prevent as from jndging correctly," it is our pelief that there must be something "very rotten in Denmark," when Gov. Uurtin in his message, not merely insinnates that Pennsylvania "is not afforded the protection it should have from the Union forces,1' but demands as a right, and says "any other view would

be absurd and nujust." A CONTEMPTIBLE TRICK .- We notice la an Eastern paper a short extract from the Atlanta Appeal, which is a fair exhibition of the nnmanliness which everywhere characterizes the Southern press. Adverting to the recent successful and brilliant raid of General Rousseau, the Appeal has the impudence to state, that, although General Ronsseau spared private property and protected the inhabitants of the country from pillage, it was only done for the purpose of misleading the people "by lulling them into a feeling of false security, with a view of retaining their substance for

the benefit of future raiders." It has been stated by prominent officers that the moral effect of the incidents of Rousseau's raid was very great; that the scales were pulled from the eyes of many people, who, by specions arguments, had been made to believe that the Union army was a congregation of bandits, and its leaders nothing more than barbarians of the very lowest order. To overcome this new vision of the for mutual agreement, or an agreement hethe kindness of the Federal troops, are con- quired stamp; but, by the provisions of the tives for the high-minded course pursued by perative duty of the party about to sign or those who bore our banners.

If there is any one south of Mason and Dixon's line so eaten up with prejudice or tinctnred with secession as to accept such a dirty attempt to gall and hoodwink the haman mind, he, or she, onght to be stripped, by the interposition of Providence, of their reasoning aculties, and made to wandor through life as ribbering apes or idiots. That Gcn. Rousseau ndefinitely pestponed a work of destruction, which he could have as well performed in transitu as not, for the mere purpose of leaving seems to be a statement so absurdly fallacious that the bitterest press of our English enemies must see through the thin voil of deception which the Southern newspapers interpose before their misguided people.

The New York Times, in its issue of the 8th inst., in an article headed "A Centrast." draws an claborate comparison between Rousgean, the Federal officer and gentleman, and McCansland, the rebel General and brigandthe one saving by his personal exertions priwate property, sparing rebel hospitals and their supplies, proventing pillage, and controlling the invading forces under his commandthe other turning half-naked women and bahes from their flaming honses, destroying churches and hospitals, and violating all the acknowledged laws of civilized warfare.

In the same article we are glad to observe that the Times condemus the act of General Hunter in burning the house of the Governor of Virginia. Such an admission on the part of the Times, a newspaper wherein much party bitterness has rankled, is an evidence that the Republican press is beginning some what to disarm itself of partisan prejudice, and to be governed by these high-toned principles of honor which a great nation should always

follow, even in aggravated warfare. McCausland and Rousseau will go upon the page of history together—the first as a crnel, rindictive barharian-the latter as a humane

honorable, brave, and considerate chieftain. We might with great force draw another contrast for the public view. While Ronsseau, a son of Kentucky, is in Alabama and Geor gia, at the head of an expedition to destroy the enemy's communications, the sous of Alahama and Georgia are in Kontucky seet.

Thy voice I hear no more the kiss:

The remembrance I meet thy soal revealing;
In sileat halls a love-lit form I miss, Alabama and Georgia are in Kentucky scat-Alabama and Georgia are in Kentucky scattered about in different localities. While Where art thou, Mornal now my thoughts are kneel-Ronssean in Alabama and Geergia protects wemen and children, and preserves private prop-

mity inviolate, these rebel Georgians and Alaamians are robbing and murdering the unamed citizens of Koutneky, pillaging their roperty, and depredating in the worst possile shape. It is true that these rebbers are et all frem Georgia and Alabama, but the entrast is sufficiently broad to he fairly disingnished. While the home of Rausseau is blundered. Rousseau is protecting the roperty of these who justify such vandalism

n the Senthern press. There are many persons, who, from a want f a preper understanding, have cendemned and who now condemn, the acts of our Federal Generals in stationing gnards at the honses of these in arms against ns. The object of this proceeding is not to protect the property of rebels so barbarity and destruction, which are disgraceful to civilized nations, and which, so far from benefiting the Union canso, tend only to its disgrace and defeat. A handful of maranding seldiers take it into their heads to pillage. and, when once the "bitter-sweet" of plnc-It is the smell of blood to the panther, and aronses all the black elements of human weakness and wickedness. History holy inspiration of religion, fell victlms to this epidemic of plander, and our soldiers

have all the "frailties of the flesh" as well. There is another very cogent argument that applies ln this relation, and which the prejndiced would do well to remember. The able generals and statesmen who framed our "Rnles and Articles of War" recognized this principle by providing the death penalty for any soldier convicted of straggling, marandlng, and plundering. In fact, such conduct sets discipline at defiance, ruins the organization of the army, and deprives officers of thois control. The simple question may then be asked, "Who is to fight battles when the sol diers are permitted to straggle, maraud, and plunder?" Can any of our radical friends give a satisfactory answer? A New York contemporary—the Com-

mercial Advertiser we think, but we neglect-

ed to credit the extract we clipped from its

columns-points ont two sets of motives, to-

tally irreconcilable and contradictory, which

influenced the financial action of the last ses-

slon of Congress. The attempt was made to procure a large revenue from customs payable In gold, and at the same time the protective features of the tariff laws have had the effect to exclude foreign importation, and in framing the Internal revenue law, which it was heped would produce largely, luxuries were subjected to such an enormous tax that theli use has been discontinued. The tax on cigara and their manufacture is particularly noticed; the excise rates have been made so very heavy that cigars have become trnly luxuries which only the rich can enjoy, and instead of the excise income increasing in the ratio of the increase of the tax, the manufacture of cigars has virtually ceased. Our contemporary says it understands that a number of prominent cigar manufacturers have discharged their hands and determined to do nothing for the present in the way of manufacturing, as they cannot afferd to pay the exorbitant tax now levied upon their Industry. Here is one indnstrial vocation already killed off by a stupid system of taxation. That the Increase of the tax does not necessarily fucrease the revenue men have yet to learn. That a tax may become so onerous that the parties who are to pay it will quit an industry which snbjects them to it, is a fact made patent prehend it until they have compelled us to 'evidences of fright, if not of cowardice, pass through every lamentable financial hlnnder, and experienced all the suffering to which

> favor with politicians. The inquiry is frequently made as to whose duty it is to affix the stamp on any decoment required by the Internal Revonue law to be stamped. Section 151 of the act of Jnne 30, 1864, provides that

-there shall be levicd, collected, and paid for and in respect of the several instruments, matters, and things mentioned and described in the Schednle marked B, hereunto annexed (which contains a list of the stamp duties ou all documents and papers)—* * * by any person or persons or party, who shall make, sign, or issue the same, or for whose benefit the same shall be made, signed, or issued, the several duties or sams of money eet down in figures against the same, respectively, or otherwise specified or set forth in the said

The 158th section of the same law providee: That any person or persons who shall make, lgn, or issue, or who shall cause to be made, signed, or issued, any instrument, document, or paper of any kind or description whatsoever

where without the same being duly stamped, or having therenpon an adhesive stamp for denoting the duty chargeable thereon, with intent to evade the provisions of this act shall, for every such offence, forfeit of this act, shall, for every such offence, forfeit the snm of two hundred dollars, and such in-

strument, document, or paper, bill, draft, order, or note shall be deemed invalid and of It thus appears, under the provisions of the section first quoted above, that, It is a case Southern people, through whose country Gen. | tween the parties about to issue and receive Roussean had passed, and further to mislead any "document or paper," as to which of them them, the Southern papers, while admitting shall be to the expense of putting on theretemptible enough to apply the grossest mo- section last quoted, it is made the imissne such 'document or paper' to see that the same is duly stamped, for, if he signs or

issues it without being dnly stamped, he is

liable to a fine of two hundred dollars.

The enrolment law of Congress enumerates the various classes which shall be exempt from draft, but the War Department has modified the law, so as to keep its own employed men in arsenals and workshops at home. We have no donbt that in particular cases this exemption is necessary, but it would have been provided for in the law had not Congress thought that a gunsmith, pyrotechnist, or machinist in Government employ, could afford to pay his commutation as readily as those in the same husiness who are at work on private account. The various ways In which power steals from the people to their servants are multiplying with great rapidity. We think that every able-bodied man of the military age should he subject to draft without any exceptions, and if, when the wheel of Bellona's bridegroom is turned, a Government official has his name drawn, let him have no favor shown to him which is not shared by the humblest mechanic. We have several large armics in our country whose only muster-rolls are the pages of the Blne Book. Because they are employed and paid by Uncle Sam is no reason why they should be exempt from military scrvlce. We should like to see

them all put in a stew by a General Fry. They say that Lord Palmerston recent. ly grew angry in a debate, and threw a blne book across the table at Lord John Manners. The Premier evidently forgot his manners on

[For the Louisville Journal.]

NORNA.
Morn comes and evening closes without thes,
Who could illume the hours that glide in gloom.
Schiller Whereart thou, Mornai now my thoughts are kneel

Low at thy shrine, in Memory's halo light, When life seemed beantiful and hope was bright When then wert are a gladness in my sight—
While answering words, of fervent truth and feeling, In dove-like tones o'er my devotion stealing, Cave to my fistening heart a dear-delight.

Low at thy sbrine, in Memory's hale light.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.I. COMMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BANKERS,

Ho. 1 Had vor Edildings, Hancver Fonare,

DOBERT L. MAITTANI,

WILLIAM WIGGE.

Spr Addedialy

Doors, Windows,

We have a variety of DOORS, SHOW-WINDOWS SASH, and COBNICES for sale at corner of Main and Fourth. Persons wanting all or part can have any of

GREEN & GREEN.

Sash.

TO SUTLERS

PRATHER & SMITH 429 Main street,

Have a large etock of MILITARY HATS AND CAPS

Military Hat and Cap Trimmings.Cords, &C.,

All of which they will sell by the case or dozen very jow for cash.

F. H. HEGAN,

411 Main street,

DEALER IN WALL-PAPER, LOOKING GLASSES, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, WINDOW-GLASS, ENGRAVINGS,

Photograph and Ambrotype Materials, AND MANUFACTURER OF GILT WORK.

EUROPEAN Banking & Exchange Business JOHN SMÎDT & CO., Sontheast Corner of Fifth and Main,
Drafts and Letters of Oradle in sams to sait purchasers on the principal offices of England, Frence, Germany, and Switzerland.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, DRALERS IN

Fine Clothing Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Corner Main and Fourth sts., Undor the National Hotel, LOUISVILLE, KY.

ON THE 16TH INST., BETWEEN HANCOCK single case. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the Police Office.

ON THE 16TH INST., A YELLOW BOB.
TAIL HOBBE, about 16 hands high, about 19 years old, and in middling order. The concern of the come forward, pay charges, and take him away. charges, and take him away.

JOHN ZABLE,
al7 d3° Green st., bet, Hancock and Ciay.

To Wholosalo Merchants. A YOUNG MAN, WHO CAN PRODUCE FROM
ten to fifteen thousand deliars in each, wishes to
chain either an interest or a situation in any first
class establishment in the city. In case he is taken
in as a psrtuer, he will advasce fifteen thousand dellars; or if given a situation, will loan his employer
ten thousand dollars. Good references given and expetted. Address, with real name.
al7 d3* W. ii., Journal office.



STEINWAY & SONS, CHICKERING & SONS,

ERNEST GABLER, And others, at FAOTORY PRICES.

D. P. FAULDS,
Sole Agents for Southwest,
al7 d'm 223 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

DR. B. M. BECKHAM. OF SHELBY COUNTY,

HAS REMOVED TO LOUISVILLE, AND OFstreet, north side, between Third and Foarth. Besidence on Breckinidae street, between Second end
Third.

M. VINCENT COX IS THES DAY ADMITTED a partner in our business, to date from July 1, 1804. The style of the firm 70 remain as heretofore.

Ang. 17, 1864-26 FRESH PEACHES.

WE HAVE A FEW HUNDRED DOZEN OF very choice Peaches pat up in cans. Dealers and families who are in want of them will please give us a oail.

117 d3

PITKIN, WIARD, & OO. WATER FILTERS.

WE HAVE ALL SIZES OF KEDZIE'S CELE-brated Water Filter new in stere. For sale by al7 d3 TIMOTHY SEED. 500 BUEHELS CHOICE in store for sale by PITKIN, WIALD, & CO.

Strayed, FROM THE PASTURE OF ME.WM.
THOMPSON, on Brownsboro road, 4
one brown, to hande high. Syears old; one dark gray,
15% hands high, 5 years old; the other yellow, with
black mane and tail, 15 hands high, and four years
old. For the return crinformation in regard to one
or eli of them I will pay a liberal roward at the Wagon Yard of H. Rnwl, Market street, between Prestou and Jackson, or at Levi's Livery Stables.
at6 d6xwl* WM. FOW LER.

STOLEN,

From Mr. Austin Barnott s, rear Olay Village, on Friday night, title BUGGY. The horse is about 13 years old, light bay, wind-galls on both hind legs, one hip knocked down, wind-galls on both hind legs, one hip knocked down, wind-galls on both hind legs, one hip knocked down, wind high top, large hubs, heavy tire, and solid scat. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery to me, al6 d6°

ON SATURDAY, Tilk tith, LIZZIE hired from Mr. Jack Armstrong. She is ver, dark, aged about 17 years, and about 5 feet inches in height. The usual reward will be paid for her delivery to J. W. SWEENEY, als d3 409 Fenrth st., bet Jefferson and Green.

JOHN W. BOYLES, CO. D. t3ru ILL., HAS LOST an envelop containing his discharge papers and four photographs. The finder will greatly oblige a wounded soldier by senting them to Mr. Beyles a Book Island, Ill. alid d BOARDING.

DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS FOR GENTLEmen or ladies, with board, can be had by immediate application to No. 9! Second street, adjoining the
st. Clind Hotel,
als d6

Trivato Boarding.

A GENILEMAN AND WIFE WITHOUT CHILding in a private family by calling at 711 Grayson, between Seventh end Eighth.

A 6 d3 LODGING.

A NICE FORNISHED ROOM WITH A PRI-vate amily where there are no bearders is want-dhy a young unmarried man. Address 68t Lonis-tile P.O. als ends. SEPTEMBER ELECTION.

JAMES HARBISON is a candidate for Senator. Election 5tb beptember next. al5 dto POTATOES.

NOTICES.

Important to Army Officers Who have been discharged or have realgned. CERTIFICATES OF NON-INDESTEDNESS

rocured in a short time by applying to METZGER, STRIBLER, & SIMPSON, Odd Fellowa' Hall, Indianapolls, Ind., No. 211 Pcan. avenne, Washington, D.O. Communications addressed to either office will meet

with prompt attention. Military Claims of all kinds collected. aid dim ANY PEBSON OR PEBSONS WANTING a good Business Housa, centrally located, on Maia street, a short distance from the household both city and country, can have one by giving a small boths in d buying a small amonat of fixtures. Pestitye possession of it can be had at this time. Rent to be paid ten days after the first of each month.

ED. STEWART.

NOTICE.

THE FIBM OF NOCK, WICKS, &CO. HAVING dissolved copartnership on the 20th July, the nucler signed will continue the business at the old stand, if? Main street, under the firm name and style of NOCK, HALL, & OO.

The large stock of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO nall its grades now held by us will be offered at very ow rates. he forgs stocked and held by ns will be outsided.

All its grades now held by ns will be outsided.

Also Fine OUT CHEWING and SMOKING TOACCO, OIGARS, SNUFF, &c., in great variety.

Special attention given to consignments of Tobacco,
ther Leaf or Mannfactured, on which we will make
SAMCEL L. NOCK,
DOWN S. HALL,
A. W. HALL'
LEVI L. NOCK.

Can be seen at the Louisville Hotel or at John Johnston's Orccery, opposite Ninth Street Tobacc

Notice to Stockholders.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE LOUISVILLE & FAANKFOAT R. B. LOUISVILLE & FAANKFOAT R. B. T. COUISVILLE & FAANKFOAT R. B. T. C. T. C

THE HIGHEST OASH
UAVALBY and ARTILLEBY
HOBSES at my steble, corner
of First and Market streets, formerly occupied by
Brown & Stoneelfer.

CAP EMPLOYMENT.

D75 a MONTH-AGENTS WANTED TO SELL be saying Machines. We will give a commission on all machines sold, er employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid. Address D.B. HELBHITON & OU., Detroit, Michigan, as dia*

NOTICE TO JAIL BUILDERS. NOTICE TO JAIL BUILDERS.

IN PURBUANCE OF AN OBDEB OF THE OUUBT of Claims of Morcer conaty, Ky, outered up at its lest session, we hereby give notice to all juil-bailders that we are now ready to let out the contract of building the stone jail in Mercer county. Any one wishing to be to a juil in Mercer county. Any one wishing to see the piens and specifications of said jail on do so by calling upon Jak. H. Strace. Bids will be received until the second Monday in September.

TROS. EDWAEDS,
JAS. H. STAGG,
D. W. THOM PSON,
D. I. JAORSON,
W. E. OLELLAND,
Ommittee.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Aug. 6, 1854-dtd Notice to Stockholders.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PEOPLE'S

BANK OF KENTUOKY are hereby notified that
the nnnnal meeting for the election of a Board of
Directors and for tha transaction of any business
which may be brought before them will be held at
the Faak, in this city, on Monday, tha 2d day of October prox., et to o'clock A. M.

Lonisville, Ang. 1, 1864.—dtd

Dissolution.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXIsling between W. H. McKNIGHT and H. B.
WEBBER, nader the firm of McKNIGHT & WEBBER, is this day dissolved by mutnal consent.
All persons having claims ageinst the late firm are
requested to present them for settlement, and all
knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will
please call and settle. Elther party is anthorized to
receipt for all debts due the late firm.
Angust 3, 1664.

H. B. WEBBER.

W. H. McKNIGHT WILL CONTINUE THE attention to business at the old stand, and hopes by strict attention to business and in-T dealing to morit accommon thunance of the liberal patronage.extended to the late firm.

Lorisville, August 3, 1864. NOTICE.

I WILL CONTINUE THE TOBACCU AND GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS at the old stand of Nock, Wicks, & Oc., 315 Main street, and will keep on hand e food assortment of Virginie, Missonri, and Kentucky Tobacco, Smoking Tobacco, and Cigars. Also Agent for Meysville Cotton Varus, Twias. &c. jy21 d3m GEO. W. WIOKS.

Atlantic Fire Insurance Company of New York.

Statement of the condition of the Company on file in the Anditor's Office, Frankfort of the Anditor's Office, Frankfort of the Property of the Anditor's Office, Frankfort of the An

.... \$5,081 82

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO OfHartford.

A Company should show its Liabilities and ratio of Ex-genses as well as its Assets.

People should investigate before insuring. Hoadquarters Kentucky Volunteers,

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, Faankfort, Ky., August 9th, 1864. Faankfort, Ky., Angust 9th, 1864. A CHICULAR.

THE WAR DEPARTMENT HAS AUTHURIZED the raising of two Regiments of Infantry, in Kentacky, for the period of twelve mentlis.

These troops will be credited upon the into call of the President for 500,000 men, and, together with other enlistments that are going ou, it is confidently believed that the quota of our State will be filled.

As those two regiments are latended to supply the place, inpart, of the twelve months men now in the service, who have so ably defended the Sinte, and are about to be mustered out, it is hoped that every effort will be used to recruit this force in the short time that is allowed.

If a full company is not raised by the time set for the draft, the parts of companies will be consolidated, due regard being had to the claims of recruiting ollicera—and the same rule will be upsiled to regiments.

D. W. LINDSEY,
Inspector and Adjutant-General.

New Shippers' Guide FOR THE NORTHWEST.

The extensive Publishing House of G. W. HAWES STATE GAZETTEERS AND DIRECTORIES, will soon issue a Northwestern Shipping Guide

and Business Directory SHIPPING DIRECTIONS

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS

for every town and village in those States. Also Businers Lists of the principal towas—in which will be found the names and places of business. It is a cheap advertising medium for Wholesele Houses. Agents are now soliciting sabscriptions and indertisements for this work, which is as inderecusable for a Shipping House as a Dictionary is for a School Teacher.

A supply of State Gazetteers for the Western States constently for eals. New Gazetteer of Indiana ready in Exptember at \$5. Shippers Gaide \$5. Address G. W. HAWES & CO., and all \$6. Indiana polls, Ind. Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington

and Frankfort Railroads. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 1, 1864. CIRCULAR.

DY THE PROVISIONS OF THE EXCUSE LAW, paged June 30, 1864, every penson giving a receipt of the delivery of property is required to stamp the cecipt with a two-cent Berenue stamp. Postago tamp this land answer.

WANTED.

A TARINER IN THE SUTER BUSINESS The regiment is now stationed in this State. Additional of the state of the s

Wanted-A Nurse. TO ONE COMING WELL BECOMM! NDED (an city those need apply) 8,001 wages and a condet atton can be given.

10. The condition of the city of Wanted,

DY A LADY, A SITOATION IN A SOHOOL OR common Arglish branches and mosic. Una farmish piane. References given. Address, at this effec.

AN HONEST BAR-KEEPEB. APPLY AT NO 716 Centre street, hetween Chestnut and Broad

Wanted to Rent, A MEDIUM-SIZED DWELLING HOUSE,
Between Fenrth and Sighth and Green and
Obestnut streets preferred. Apply by letter
to H. D., Jonrnal office.
a:3 e&me*

Board Wanted
FOR A GENTLEMAN, WIFE, AND CHILD
In a private family on reesonable terms. Address for two deys
al5 dz*
M., Unlon Press office. HOUSEKEEPER & FARMER WANTED. A DDBESS BOX NO. 22 SHELBYVILLE, KY. Sntlers' Clerk Wanted.

M UST PRODUCE THE BEST OF REFERENCE,
Box 71, P. O., Nashville, Tennessee, Inclosing recommendations.

Wanted to Hiro,

A COLORED GIBL THAT UNDERSTANDS

cooking, washing, and ironing in a small family.

all d6*

O. A. L., Joarnal office. Wanted--Substitutes--\$600 Bounty! T WANT FORTY SUBSTITUTES IMMEDIALE.

I LY, selected from ALIENS, DISCHASORD SOLDIERS who have served two years or more, and persons under 20 years of age. Apply to JOHN McCARTHY,

Attorney et Lew,
Corner Fifth and Green size,
all dim Lonisville, Ky.

Wanted,

CUBSTITUTES AND VOLONTEERS FOR ARMY
AND NAVY.—We are paying the highest bennities for Shistitutes and Volunteers for the Gunboat service and all branches of the army. For further informetion apply to on apply to O. A. OONBOW, Recruiting Agent, No. 413 Main street, npstairs, between Fourth and Fifth

Substitutes Wanted.
Three Men Wanted To Go as Substitutes, Men not liable to draft inquire at licel yong's State-street House, Sixth and Market.

a9 dize O. W. CARRIGAN, Recruitlag Agent. \$100 PER MONTH.-ACTIVE AND RES. fiable Agents in the Army and everywhere else in the most increative business known. Honorable and nrisk. Address or apply to T. & O. GAUGHAN, 1928 d3m* Wanted,
Wanted,
Wanted,
TERT-BATE COLORED WASHWOMAN, fro
or slave, without incombrance. Apply tol
GEO, E. HEINSUHN,
m27 dtf East side Socond, bet. Green & Wainnt.

HYDRAULIC FOUNDERY MACHINE SHOP

Northeast corner Washington and Floyd sts.

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ST.MARY'S COLLEGE ST. MARY'S P. O., MARION CO, KY.

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TABLE ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS INSTITU1. TION, which has never enferted the least leterimprem, and which is, a d in June with a crowder of
Schiedler. Un account of its seclation and the
Stiffener. Un account of its seclation and the
strict attention given by its conductors to the more
and religions as well as literary laprovement of the
pupils, Cutholic parcais will find St. Marys College
peculinity saitable for their sons. None but morel
and deelle youths can be reconstruct. The use of tobacteriors—from the opening to fournary—will be Stifpriors—from the opening to fournary—will be Stifpriors—from the opening to fournary—will be Stifpriors—from the opening to the branches taken up by the
students. This amount is to be paid in advance.
Students must be provided with table knite, forspoon, empand napkins. Beeks sad other school articles ere kept for allo at the Cellege. For further
particulus apply 10. particulars apply lo al6 dio Bev. P. J. LAVIALLE, Pres't.

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The College ATE YEAR, INOLUDING A PETrick of forty weeks, is divided into two sessions: the first session commencing on Monday, September 12. 1884, and the second on Monday, January 30, 1865. The charges for boarding, tultion, etc., care very iow, considering the present financial state of the country, the ample and elegant accommodations of the institution, and the bigb price paid for teaching and other expenses.

Applications for admission, er for catalogues, and all letters of irgairy, or on husiness relating to the institution, should be directed

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According to current prices I cannot see that heardles, washine, and thitton can be afforded for less than \$250 per term of 40 weeks.

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REV. G. BECKETT'S Institution for Young Ladies WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, t864. Address St. Matthews, Ky. al3 dtf

BETHEL COLLEGE. BETHEL COLLEGE.

THE NEAT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION
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Rev. GEOHOE HUNT, A. M., President and Prof.
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With the advantages of an extensive and commodious building, a good Philosophical and Chemical Apparatas, and a valeable Library, the College presents excellent facilities to students desirons of improvement. The great alm of the Faculty will be ehigh standard of scholarship and a healthful discipline. For particular information address Boy. Gaogom Huny, President, Russellville, Ky.

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The Louisville Female College. THIS WELL-KNOWN AND WELL-ESTABlished Ecardiag School for Young Ladles, pleasantly situated, in a quiet, retired part of the city, with
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Every advantage that an able, well-tried Faculty and the most complete Library and Philosophics and Chemical Apparatuses—give may here be enjoyed by all students enterlugable institution. The regular classes are now all organized, and the Proparatory department offers superfortudy and the Proparatory department offers superfortudy at 12 m. at 12 m. F. C. McCalla, Treasurer. HENRY FEMALE COLLEGE,

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A HOUSE AND LETON GREEN STREET,
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Joffersoaville, Ind., satanted on Mayle street,
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by 2.3 feet cen. Also a fact on Charlest from
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A THEEE STORY HOUSE ON GREEN street, three doors below Ninth. The house is in complete order. Apply to F. B. Webb, northeast corner of Fourth and Market. For Sale,
ON ACCOONT OF HAVING BUSINESS IN ANchercly, we will self ETOOK, FIXTURES, and STAND at a great sacrifice for cash. Foattlyely must close out within a week from date. Oall at 242 Markot street, hetween Second and Third.
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For Salo Very Cheap,
A FAMILY ROOKAWAY HORSE, WITH
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ROSEWOOD PIANO, luquire of
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Containing 20 acres, of which 20 lie
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and cherry trees, altogether, while the arabdivide to snit purchasers. If soid before 5th September,
persession will then be given; otherwise possession
could not be glyon until merch, 1865.
Shelby ville, Ky, Aug. 10—collor H. H. MARTIN. Cheap.

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Toiler, with power plenty to run the same, from Shafting and all the Marblaery, Implements, and Tools necessary for a number one Fiontint-Mill. all nearly new and is good running order, will be sold year Low. Apply to

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ILAVING DETERMINED TO MOVE from the city, I ofter for sale my BESI-in DENOE, on Fith street, hear Broadway. The bloom of the honse contains three parlors, seven large bed-rooms, dining-room, ba.h-rcom, pantry, store-room, linen-room, wash-room, and large kitchen. On the resr of lot are stables, cerriage house, coel-house, and three servants-rooms, 'ell under metal roofs. Throughout the house every modern improvement, but and coid water, So Lot is 105 feet on west side of Fifth street by 221 feet to a 20 toot alley, and fully sapplied with shrubbery and fruit. This offers a rars chance for any one desiring to purchase one of the most complete and comfortable residences in the city. Terms fibersi—will be made known and the premises shown by callfag on the subscriber, at No. 408 north side Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.
Also a very desirable Buildieg Lot, ad.oliniag same, 95 by 221 feet.

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I, ASTHE EXECUTOB OF FOUNthe Farm owned by said decedent, containing 22 acres, ia Oldham connty, on
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imeatone land, all under fence, a good portion set in
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My pice is 22 an acre; hut if it is not sold by the
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SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE ON MONDAY, angust 22, at the o'clock, or immed odiniely efter the Chancery Court sales, will be soid, at the Court-house door, in Louieville, at public auction, a tract of short till acres, in 5 and to across. This land is stimated east of the city, ou bot sides of the Water works road, and between it am the river road, 2% miles from the Court-house part of the innd-comprises the ridge en which the reservoir is located, and contains been tital sites for the court of th Alls.
Plats of subdivision can be scenat the office of G.T.
Ferrmaan, Real Estate Agent, south side Jefferson,
stiveen Fourth and Fifth streets, who will also show
he lines ou the ground on Wednesday and Thursduy,
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Brn: I heve used your Pilis in my general and hospital practice over since you made them, and cannel hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy fest derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have selders found nease of bitious diseases so obstinate that it disturbed to them.

Freemally years, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
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From Dr. J. G. Green, of Ohicago.

Your Pilis have head a loag trial in my practice, at a I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperient? I have ever found. Their attentive officet apon the liver makes affica an excellent remedy, when given in small doess for fillious dysentery and Diarrheas. Their singar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the ness of women and children.

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Prom Rev. J. V. Hinns, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston, Da. Ayes: I have used your Pilis with extraordinary success in my family and among those I un called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of discount of the propertion and parify the blood, they are the very best remarkly have ever known, and I can confidently recomment them to my friends.

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Dwar Sir: I am using your Cathartic Pills in 187 reactioe, and find them an excellont purgative is cleanse the system and purify the foundation of the blood, JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

SENATE CHAMBER, Buton Bonge, La., Dec. 5, 1885.
Da. AYEB: I have been entirely cured, by your Phili vince Goul—a painful disease that had anneced vincent SLIDELL. me for years.

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Billous Disorders—Liver Compilants.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.
Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects apon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the ourse of billous complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincertly rejoic that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

the people.

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Weshington, D. O., 7th Feb. 1856. DONGAN & JENNINGS, 419 Jefferson st., bet. Fourth and Fifth, np stairs.

cleanse the system and purify the foundains of the blood, JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D. Constipution, Contiveness, Suppressions, Rhechmitism, Gaut, Neuralsia, Droysy, Rhechmitism, Gaut, Neuralsia, Droysy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

To much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fatornity have found them as efficacions as I have, they should soln me in proclaiming it for the leaseful of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which sithough badenough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liverbut your Pills infect that organ end cure the disease. From Mrs. E. Staat, Physician and Midwifs, Beston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the name ralecoration when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual it oclasmes the stomach and experience. They are so much the best physic we have the I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Byts. Charck. thet I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hauskes, of the Nichthodsis Pris. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannab, Oa., Jun. 6, 1856.

HONOMEN SIN: I should be magneteful for the relief your skill has broaght me if I did not report my came to yon. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralyie pairs, which caded in chrosas rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advise of your excellent agent in Bultimore, Dr., Mach. enzie, I tried your Pills. Their checks worse slow, but sire. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

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EO. 23 BROAD STREET, A OF ARUES WILL BE MADE CH SHALL REPLACE to above address or to Liverpool, by 6. W. Though as & Uo., Ho. 123 West Hale street.

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a24 d2awly ab The highest price in cash will be paid for BAR-

LATEST FROM THE FRONT .- We have trus'worthy intelligence from the front or near the front down to the close of the 14th inst. For several days previous to this date. Wheeler was known to be preparing a large cevalry force at Coviagtor. On Saturday, tho 13th, his pickets had got up in the neigh borhood of Marietta, and were incassantly

skirmishiag with our men around that place. Early Sunday morning, a force of about 1,000 rebels attacked a cattle guard of 400 men in this viciaity, capturing the cattle. The most of the men escaped.

Immediately after, a special train going up to Chattanooga discovered that the track between Adairsville and Calhonn had been torn up and fired. The truck was repaired, and the train went on. Approaching Celhonn, it was discovered that the track hed been torn no again. It was again repaired, and the train agein passed on. At Resaca, it was reported that the enemy were going to Tilton, and that our men there were busily fortifying. When the train reached Dalton, our skirmishers were engaged, and the citizens in a state of great excitement. Shortly afterward, a flag 3d division having the right, and General Cox of truce was sent to Col. Leibord, the commandant, demanding n sarrender, to which demand the Colonel promptly returned a placky answer in the negative. The rebel force was understood to be about 1,600 strong, commanded by Wheeler in person. A large body of troops by this time were on the way from Chattenooga to meet Wheeler, having been sammoned by telegraph.

Late Sunday evening, heavy cannonaling was heard in the direction of Dalton, It was reported at Chattanooga Sunday night that the down train from that place had been captured. The latest despatches from Chettaneoga represent Col. Steedman as perfectly confident that he could whip all such crowds as Wheeler's. The gallant Colonel, we are glad to gay, is not n man given to gas.

This is the latest information from that region: end it is authentic.

FROM HENDERSON-THE TOWN DESERTED-Joanson's Position .- A gentleman arrived in the city yesterday from down the river, haviag left Headerson on Monday evening. Ho reports that great excitement exists in that section of the State and along the Ohio river. Henderson is almost entirely deserted by the citizens, and the once pleasent town wears n gloomy, desolute look. Johnson, with a large force, ranging from twelve to eighteen hundred men, was comped on the Fair Crounds, near the city, and did not seem to be in a hurry ebout making an attack apon the place. He is growing stronger every day. It is reported, and currently believed, that detachments of rebel troops, probably sent across the Cumberland river by Woodward, are arriving almost every day, and reporting to the robel commander for dnty. It appears that Johnson had sufficient numbers at his command to make a raid into Illinois, threaten Evassville, alarm the border, and retein an ample force in Kentneky, to present a hostile front to the troops defending Henderson. If he is not speedily expelled from the State, the sixty men with whom he crossed tho Cumberland river will have swelled into as many hundreds. This is no wild presumption; for if within the space of two weeks ho has been able to organize a force of say fifteen hundred mon, what will be the result of his labors if he is left unmoleted for three weeks longer? Reinforcements from the sonth side of the Cumberland, rocrnits from Kentucky and Indinna, and conscripts, if he is permitted to carry his bombastic proclamation into effect, will surely, in the time designated | drels under his command were a worse-lookabove, give to him an organized force of not lees than six thousand men. We are assured that he will soon be driven from the Stete. and we sincerely hope that the assurance may

A GALLANT FIGHT-GUERILLAS REPULSED. Crittenden county, Ky., is overrnu by guerilla bands, and the people are suffering much from their depredations. Forage has been taken in large quentities, and the finest horses have been stolen from the farmers. On Saturday last, a guerilla force, estimated at three handred men, made an attack abon the town of Salem, Livingston county, and were repnlsed by thirty soldiers of the 48th Kentneky volunteers, detailed to garrison the place. It was n gallant little fight on the part of the Federals, and a disastrons repulse to the guerillas. The Union loss was several slightly wonnded, one mertally, three killed, and four taken prisoners. Several horses were killed in the fight. The gnerilla loss was eight killed, and from ton to fifteen badly wounded. Quite number were taken prisoners. Our details of the fight are very meagre. We presume that the guerilla force was a part of Johnson's command.

COLONEL BERRY .- Colonel W. W. Berry, of the old Loalsville Legion, passed through the clty yesterday, having obtained a few deys' leave of absence to visit his family, for the present sejourning at Springdale, Ohlo. The Colonel is in perfect health, and looks every inch the gallant soldier that he hes proved himself. No officer in the army has seen more hard service or done more to benefit his country than Colonel Berry. He has faithfully served his G vernment for three years, during which periou he has been wounded five times in battle. Such officers are deserving of the thanks of a grateful country.

TO BE SENT NORTH OF THE OHIO RIVER .-Eighty-seven deserters from the rebel army and fifty-one disloyal citizens from Georgia, Tennessee, and Alabama, were received in the city yesterday from the front. The desorters will take the oath of amnesty, and the citizens will be paroled and sent north of the Ohio river to remain during the war. Indiana's population is on a rapid increase, though the disloyal element from the South will not add much to the patriotic bearing of the State. We scarcely know whether to congratulate or sympathize with our Hoosier friends.

GUERILLAE AT BROWNSBORO .- A party of thieving guerdlas made a raid into Brownsbore, in O.dham coun'y, on Monday night. Stores were broken open and robbed, and privato residences plandred. We were anable to lenrn who was in command, or the amount of damage sustained by the citizens of Brownsboro. One gentleman alone was robbed of

"Spiritus Frumenti Bourboniensis" upon the lable of a bottle which we received yesterday set us to philosophizing. Either the "Bourbon" was remarkably fine, or the Latin iascription gave it ago, flavor, and n classic gasto. We shall adhere to the modical advice, and take it in drams without being governed by scriples.

Capt. Metealfc, who has for some time had charge of Government river transportation at this point, bas been ordered to St. Lonis, to take charge of river and rnilroad transportation there. Capt. Ernst, who has been at Mnn- from every side the accusing hand will be fordville for some time, encogeds Capt. Metcalfo hero.

Theo. R. Davis, of Harper's Wockly, and E. D. Westfall, of the Hernld, nrrived from the front last night. They represent thinge to be in a highly flourishing condition there. Sherman, they say, is confident and cager, and so is his army.

We invite attention to the call for a Convention of Teachers which we publish crop of four hogsheals made an average of stood: Frizzereld, 161; Hogshins 71: Owens,

Form "V. L. B.," of the Clacinna.i TRADE REGULATIONS,-Secretary Fessen-, who is just from the front of our fore a den's new regulations concerning trade with car Atlanta, the Nashville Union of yes erder insurrectionary States are to be carried into effect by a general agent, supervising spe 1 earns that up to 12 M. on Friday the 12th there had been to berious fighting sinco egents, assistant special agents, local special agents, agency aids, officers of the custom August the 6th. Our lines extended from department, designated by the Secretary, and near the Decatne Railroad, on the east, to a superintendents of freemer, and, by order point on the south hank to the Utag creak, bout two and a half miles from the Western the President, the army and navy are to as and Macon Railread. Schofield's corps at the rist, as much as consistent, in enforcing them inder the new regulations. The States in inime he left held the extreme right, advanced com the Sandtown road. Movements were surrection are divided into seven special agencies, new districts to be established & drifting to the right with the view of driving 1 ay become accessary. The usual permits, the rebels back and gniring possession of the road. The rebels were tenaciously contesting ecrtificates, and clearances are necessary for every foot of ground. The rebels had evithe transportation of goods into insurrectiondently received some reinforcements, as Gan. ary States. The number of places where ench S. D. Lee, formerly of the rebel cavalry, was permits mny be obtained has been increased, known to have reached them with three o as to include New York and Boston. Tho brigades, though the rejects of heavy superintending special agents and military einforcements from Richmond are discredcommanders will decide to what points goods ited. The advance of the two opposing may be sent. Commercial intercourse with armics were in very close proximity persons beyond our ectual military lines is all along the line, and especially on the right, strictly prohibited. All applicants for permisthe belligerents were in striking distance. sicn to establish supply stores at points ap-The rebels manifested a determination to opproved as above, must certify that they are, pose any demonstration made by our forces and have been, and will be, loyal men. toward either the city of Atlanta or the rail-When permission in this matter is granted, a road. A vigorous movement was on foot bond must be given. Some articles may be when he left for the possession of the railroad, sent to military posts without compliance which would precipitate an engagement. The with the terms of tho epecial regulations eagegement of the 6th of August, of which -ontter, eggs, frni s, ice, vegetables, coal, we had only brief accounts, was quite sharp wood, beef, cattle, hogs, and household goods and bloody. It took place near the Utoy of families moving. They can be disposed of, creek, and was brought on by the advance of however, only according to the regulations. our forces upon the rebel position. On the The rules in regard to authers are particularly morning of the 6th, General Schofield's corps strict. When nny officer charged with the moved to the extreme right, General Hascall's execution of the laws on commercial intercourse shall discover within his department with the 2d division had the left. The I4th goods which are in danger of being transcorps moved across the Utoy creek, and occaported to the incergents, he may require n pied the ground held by these divisions. Genbond of the owner that such goods shall no: erals Hascall and Cox moved out in excellent be used to aid the rebels, and if such bond is order through an open field, and entered a not given the goods may be seized. This dense wood. Here they formed in line of regulation, it is understood, does not apply battle, and encountered the rebel skirmishers, alone to goods offered for shipment, but to who were driven in and pursued by our forces property here or anywhere, so that customthrough the timber and ncross a glade skirting house officers may cause a seizure to be made another old field. On the south side of this of any goods liable to reach the insurgents, field there is another thick grove of timber having setisfactory information that they are and underbrush, the ground being sloping and thus "linble," or the owners may be placed very rough. Into this timber the rebels reunder bond. Permits and clearances to blocktired, our forces still pursning. A heavy aded ports are to be granted only by the Secskirmish line was deployed under Lieutenantretary of War; but our Consuls may give li-Colonel E. L. Mottley, of the 11th Kentucky. censes to vessels clearing for re-opened ports, This line was under severe fire for some time, ader certain restrictions, violation of which when the first brigade, General Reily's, como ntails forfeitare of vessel and cargo. Loyal forward to the fight. The rebels were strongly pereons in robel States, within our military posted behind field-works, the strength of lines, may eend, after making certain affidawhich was probably concealed by the thick vits, their produce to market. These regula woods. The first brigade advanced immeditions supersede and revoke all others. ately up to the works, when the rebels poured a murderons fire right into their faces. Discharge now followed discharge, which sent death into the ranks of our brave men. No human conrege could stand this with-

ering fire, and our bravo regiments at length

recoiled and gavo way, leaving our dead and

severely wounded in the hands of the enemy.

Prodigies were done by our men. Onr loss,

confined principally to the first brigade, in

killed and wonnded, was neer 600. The rebel

loss, though considerable, wes not so heavy.

That night the rebels withdrew, and on the

morning of the 7th the field works were taken

possession of. Heavy skirmishing continued

threaghout that day. It wes in the advance

line, at the head of his men, that Lientenant-

Colonel Elstner, of the 50th Ohio, was killed.

He weskilled nobly leading his men into the

Skirmishing, more or less, prevails all tho

time on some parts of our line at the tront.

GUERILLAS IN TRIMBLE COUNTY-WESTPORT

ROBBED OF \$4,000 .- On Snnday night last,

twenty-five guerillas, nnder the command of a

man named Martin, who formerly was a good

citizen of Shelby county, made their appear-

ance on the Ohio river, in Trimble county,

at the month of Corn creek. Martin ar

peared to be desiroas of having it generally

understood that he was a Confederate officer,

commandiag Confederate troops, as he wore a

neatly-fitting gray unlform, with the insignia

of the rank of a rebel Captain. The sconn-

lag set of men than the "rag-tags," we trast,

of eny army, and, therefore, Martin's dashing

nniform was simply a nseless show of dress,

for the first glance was sufficient to convince

the people that his men were a geng of naprin-

cipled robbers and entthroats. After halting

a short time at the month of Corn creek, and

viewlag the shores of Indiana in the distance,

the thieving gaag started in the direction of

Westport, moving down the river, and depre-

dating upon every citizen residiag on the road.

He kent a few men in advance, who were

diesed in the Federal uniform, and calculated

to deceive the people. Lientenant Gilles, is

was riding leisurely along the road, deceived

by the Yankee blne, and made an casy pris-

oner. They released him after robbing him

of \$66 in money. They entered Westport,

when the town was given up to wholesal

pluader. Private residences were entered.

and stores broken open and robbed in the

most finished manner. The entire loss to tise

people of the village will not fall short of

\$4,000. Mr. Oliver Kirkpstrick had \$1,500 in

moncy taken trom him. The wretches were

devoid of henor, and perfectly lost to the most

common traits of humanity. They enterel

the residence of Mr. E. P. Johnson, a feeble

old men, and robbed him of his purse, con-

tsining \$45, in the presence of his dying child

They were well monnted, and appeared to

care nothing for horse flesh, as but very fow

animals were stolen along the road. They

seemed to have an eye more to the ncenmula

tion of watches and money then anything

else. We have heard nothing of their move-

THE GUERILLA CAPTAIN DEPORSTES -A DS

tive Kentnekian, formerly a resident of Bards

town, now serving in the United States Navy,

writes to us that our brief sketch of the gue-

rilla Captain Doposter is incorrect. In the

first place, we spelled the name wrong; it is

Deparster, not Dupoeter. He is not a French-

man by birth, having first seen the light of

heaven in the State of Maine. His father

moved to Ballard county, Kentneky, in 1855.

Onr correspondent and young Deporator for

several years attended the same school, and

became very intimate. When serving as a

rabel soldier, at Fort Denelson, it was as a

member of Col. Thompson's-Gen. Tilgt-

man's old regiment. The other gnerilla con-

nected with Deporater, and who signs his

name as Captala Bryant, is a resident of

Hopkinsville, a mere boy, not more than

twenty years of age. The precions coupling

who cepire to the honors, if not to the emol-

uments of guerills Captains have

eadly degenerated from their school-boy days,

and are now candidates for the gallows, not

to spenk of the great Hereafter. We assure

them that they are welcome to all the hon-

ors (?) they may win as leaders of a deeperado

gaag. We cannot speak with equal assurance

in regard to the emoluments acquired, as

they are by the sacking of defenceless towns.

the plandering of peaceable homes, and the

robbing of nnarmed citizens on the open

highway. They have been successful in their

career of crime, but the point must soon be

reached when success will fail. Fair days

may succeed each other for a protracted

period, yet clouds will gather to obscure the

bright sunshine, and then the storm is the moro

terrible in proportion to the protracted quiet.

When Deperster chall be taken, there will not

be a single act to plead In his favor, while

raised to point to his mnny atrocities, and

day two crops of tobacco at very high fig-

nres. One crop of nine hogeheads averaged,

round, lugs and leaf, fifty dollars and fifty-five

cents per 100 lbs. It was grown by Mr. J. S.

cheerless bis fate.

combine to make more certain, dark, and

ments since Sunday night.

New Books .- Dick & Fitzgerald, of New York, have published a very useful book entitled the "Finger Post to Public Business." It contains forms for organizing and conductlng public meetings, societies, clubs, and other ecceptations, with rules of order, and gives hints for arranging public celebrations, dinners, barbeenes, with models of constitutions for all clubs or societies in which men get together for instruction, pleasure, exercise, or political advancement. It gives, too, the laws regulating all manly sports, such as regatter, cricket, beseball, shinny, and football; rules for public speaking and specimens of oratory, in fact it treats of everything imaginable to man's gregarious nature, and is a very valnable work. The came publishers heve sent as Brisbene's "Gelden Ready Reckoner' and Pierce Egan's novel "Imogone, or the Marble Heart." From W. A. Townsend, of New York, we have "Man and his Relations," by Dr. S. B. Brittan, illustrating the influence of the mind on the body. the relations of the faculties to the organs and to the elements, objects, and phenomene of the external world. We have received these works through the attention of Mr. F. A Crump, who has them for sale in this city. Mr. Charles F. Dearing has laid on our ta ble the New National Tax Law of June 30 1864, with an alphabetical summary of articles taxed, and the rates imposed, which is issned in the series of Beadle's Dime books

from official sources. DEATH OF Da. J. G. KEENON .- The Memphis Argns records the death of Snrgcon John G. Keenon on Friday, nfter nn illness of only two days. He was born in Frankfort, and was about thirty-eight years of age. The Argus snys on the breaking ont of the war, esponsing the Union cause, he voluntecred his services as a soldier, was accepted, and assigned to dnty as Assistant Snrgeon in one of the regiments from Kentncky, with whom he went through the famous engagements of "Shiloh," "Metamoras," "Hatchie River," and the hard-contested siege of Corlnth, rendering such valuable professional services as incured him his full grade as Surgeon of volanteers and the medical directorship of the 16th army corps. From this position he wes snbscquently promoted to the more oncrous and barmensome one of surgeon in charge of the Adams United States General Hospital in Momphis, where for the post eighteen months he has discharged all the duties devolving npon him in a way to enhance him in the est-mation of his brothers of the profession in and out of the service. One who has known him long and intimately describes Sargeon Keenon as in life a "zealous, faithful, and offic.cnt officer," with a heart ever open and geneions, and moved by the kindliest eympathics for the most humble as the highest of his sick or wonnded fellow soldiers. His remains wil be sent to our State for interment.

New Music - We are indebted to Messra. A. C. Peters & Brother, of Cincinasti, for n copy of a song and chorus, "Fix Boys will Soon be Home," the words by Major John Hay, and the melcdy by T. C. O'Kane. This is n cheerful subject, like the silver lining in the dark cloud of our civil wer, and we have no denbt that the song will be sung around many a soldier's hearth, where the vacant seat awaits the return of n loved and absent one, and about the camp fire, with a little change of the words to "We boys will eoon go homo," the lively chorns will ring ont, and bring leasant dreams to the wenry warriors after a day of fatigne and danger. It is very appropriately dedicated to the Ohio National Guards. The same publishers send no "Whisperings of Love," a sontimental waltz by Charles Kinhee, a composer whose previous success will commend this new production to

the musical world. REEL PRISONERS .- Yesterday, ten rsba commissioned officers were sent from the Militnry Prison in this city to Johnson's Island. Two hundred and three enlisted men, rebel prisoners of war, were transferred to Camp Chase. H. B. Haynie, Sargeon of the 9th rebel Tennesse cavelry, who was captured at Mt. Sterling, Ky., on the 9th day of last June, and Alfred B. Delonch, Assistant Surgeon of Stewart's battalion, who was made n risoner in Lawrenco county, Alabama, on he 10th instant, were yesterday sent to Camp Chase for disposal. Capt. Jones, of this city, has received iastructions to transfer all surgeons of the rebel army to Camp Chase. He s not advised as to what disposition will be made of them there, but presumes that they

will be forwarded into Confederate lines. Wo learn from the Greencastle Press that two young ladies, daughters of Mr. Encch Osler, of Putnam county, Ind., were accidentally huraed to death last week. They were engaged in filling a fluid lamp while burning, from n can containing that liquid, and, the latter npse' - g, the fluid ignite! and instantly communicated to the dresses of the two nufertnu tes. Before the flames could be subdued, their bodies were shocking y buined. I'm'y lin rered in proet agony intli death jut au 6 d to tacir sufferings.

The rote for Anne'lese Judge in Henv county etc d: R ertson, 151; Benton, 31 Hr. Welb wer elected to the Legil'stur-Tomlinson, of Ballard county. The other having received 485 voics. His competitors peaks conclusively for itself.

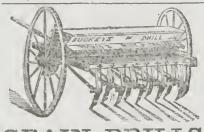
The call states of the contest of

SPECIAL NOTICES!

SCOTT, KEEN, : M WHOLESALD AND ABUILDONAMES IN Men's, Youths', and Boys

Varnishing 60045

QUENER SIATE AND MAIN FISHETS LOUISVILLIE, KY



GRAIN DRILLS. We have an essortment of the bost kinds made in dore, it has been ascertained beyond donbt that wheat which was drilled in hat year was not badly winter killed, and produced a fair orop, whilst hat

CASH PRICE. COOK'S EVAPORATOR

We have the PXCLUSIVE CONTROL of this Ecaporator for the State of Kentucky and in Indiana bordering on the river. Parsons who are growing Sorghum arily rivited to call and examine them or sond for a circular giving fall descriptions. CASH PRICE.

Victor Cane Mill. We are selling with our Evaporator the above cele unted Mill, which is far nhead of all others for trength, durability, and capacity. It is built on an CASH PRICE.

CIDER MILLS. We have a variety of excellent Cider Mills, all of which we consider good. The Buckoys has no equal, The Kennucky Mill is well known, and has given gen-eral satisfaction.

NOTICE.

In addition to articles above, we keep a general as Agricultural Implements and Seeds. Camming's Patent Onting Boxes Sandford's Patent Untting Boxes, Virginia Corn Shellers, Buckeye Corn Shellers, Western Corn Shellers, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Plows (Cast and Steel),

Grain Cradles and Scythes,
Shovels, Hoes, Spades, Forks, &c. PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, MASONAHAMLINE'S CABINET ORGANS Market st., north side, between Sixth and Sevenih

A Physiological View of Marriage-Con gelning nearly 200 pages and 130 fine Flates and En gravings of the Anatomy of the Saxval'Organs in grate of Health and Disease, with a Treatise of Belt-Ahnse, its Deplorable Consequences upon the mont-the only rational and successful mode of ours as thown by the report of eases heated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage who entertain doubts of their physical candi on. Bent free of postage to any address on receip of 25 cents, in riamps or postal ourronov, by address ne Dr. LA CEOIX, No. 11 Meldon Jane Albar

Diseases of the Norvous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATIONsent by mall in sealed lotter envelops, free of charge Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard As sociation, No. 2 South Blinth street, Phlindelphia, Pa.

C.P.Barkeys Extra egli Pire A WE OCHBARNES SIZES & PRICES. 767 28,

Manufactory 333 THIRD STREET. 467 MAIN STREET. Charles and the same of the sa

IZES AND PRICES. Old Paus repaired in the " Ve. 8 (very flue)... 5 00 5 I er s are it care, fine, and guaranteed period y respect. Pens sent by mail or express on rec-rice and refurs charges. In ordering, state the style of care, Pen hard or soft, fine or coarse. Fen should not please, fit can be exchanged, out of 15 per cent. on 25. the usual discous-

Third street, and 407 Main street, Louisvilla, My.
Watches and Jewellery repaired by the best work.

42 daSnn-tf mes do:

Cresm Tertar;

Indigo;

Pepper Sance;

Tonat (alsun;

One Obsteta;

BOOTS AND SHOES. A New Wholesale House. AMUSEMENTS

BALL A GBAND BALL WILL BE GIVEN AT Manonlo Temple on MONDAY, Aug. 22, 184, for hear fit of a wounded felder who lost his left arm near Atlanta. He kindly solicits the page of all who desire to assist a helpless man. emage of nil who desire to assist a respice has ade helpless by defending the old flag.

ale dtd B. R. BARBER. THE CROWNING OLIMAX

DAN RICE'S GREAT SHOW

A GRAND CONSTELLATION, ONE MAMMOTI combination of three seperate exhibitions, will perform in LOUISVILLE, Monday, August 15, 1864. AT THE CORNER OF SECOND AND GRAY STS. And every succeeding Afternoon and Evening during the week, at 2 and 8 o'clock. the yeek, at and a creek.

The features of Dan Bice's GREATSHOW includ
the for famed and unrivaled blind herse EXCEN
SIOB, and the celebrated Educated Mules, to whic'
sre asided the wonderful Performing Horse S. 1
DUCGLAS, and three more rare specimens of equin
sagacity, who will be performed by

MRS. DAN RICE.

Her first appearance in this city, assisted by the emi PEOFESSOR STOKES AND FAMILY.
In the catalogue of animal intellect developed In the catalogue of animal intellect developed by philosophical training is ILABBY CCUN'S AUTHER DIOS AND MONKEYS, From London, Parts, St. Petersburg, and Vienna, who will present to the astonished spectutor a DRA-MATIC PERFORMANCE, A CIECUS, A MINIA-MATIC PERFORMANCE, A CIECUS, A MINIA-MILL PROPERTY, and A DAY ATTHE DERBY. The third department, which will complete the hrllient ensemble, is BARCLAY'S WILD BUFFALOES, From the Bocky Mounthlas and Idaho, with a genulactrope of Hunterennd Comanche Ponles.

DAN RICE htmself will appear at each exhibition, and the performance will be radiated and spired by the original humors and fancles of the great modern wit jester, and philosopher.

SET WILLEST, AUGUST, AUGUST,

Woodlawn Race Course LOUISVILLE, KY. STATE TO

DEGULAR BUNNING MESTING FOR THE Monday, October 10, 1864, And continue slx days. FIRST BACE.

on. Five or mora subscribers to fill the come and close August 15, 1064.

THURSDAY, OUTOBER 13.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15.

AUUTION SALES

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. CONDEMNED GOODS AT AUCTION, ON THUE BOAY EVENING, 18th Angust, at 2% o'citck, we will sell, at corner Flust and Main streets, Medical Purveying Depot, a lot of Condemned Grounds, consisting of—
177 hait bels Ale;
15,573 sesorted Bottles;
143 Wooden Buckers;
660 Bedsteads;

o Bedsteads;
o Bedsteads;
o tides Tin Curs; Spt. Mings, Wash This, &c.
order of Dr. Magruder.
b. G. MENRY & CO.,
Anctioneers. Eale by or a17 d3 BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

VALUABLE TWELFTH STREET LOT AT AUOTION. ON PRIDAY EVENING, Ang. 19, at 4 o'clock, we

or mencing 116 lest from south of Msin, n de-e unimproved Lot of Ground, 33% feet front by 5 feet deep.
Title perfect. Torms at sale.
B. G. HENRY & CO.,
Auctioneers BY C. C. SPENCER.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF BRICK AND FRAME HOUSES AND LOTS AT AUCTION. ON SATUEDAY AFTERNOON, Ang. 20, at 5 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, by order of Executor, two two-story ltrick Houses and Lots, having four rooms each, with all necessary outbuildings, and one Frame Cottage, with basement, having our rooms, with all necessary outbuildings, sitnated on the sonth side of Grayson street, four doors east of Seventh street. Terms carb. C. O. SPENCER, al6 65 Anctioneer

BY C. C. SPENCER. O VALUABLE LOTS IN JACOB'S ADDITION TO

THE CITY AT AUCTION. FRIDAY AFTERNOON, Avg. 19, nt 4% clock, will be perceptorlly sold, on the premi-ommencing with the lot on the southwest cort Jucob and Floyd streets, the teliowing value or of national a fold a freets, the knowing value of property, to wit:

1 Lot, 35 teet front by 190 deep to a 28 foot alley, on the southwest corner of Jacob and Floyd streets.

4 Lots, 35 teet front each by 190 deep to a 20-foot alley, west or and ad onling the above.

1 Lot, 39% feet near by about 228 feet deep to a 20-foot alley, north side of Jacob et eleep to a 20-foot alley, north side of Jacob et eleep to a 20-foot alley, north side of Jacob et o225 feet deep to a 20-foot niley, west of and adjoining toe above.

228-This valuable property is eligibly leated and a rootion of the city Lov replot, that rowing, and TERMS-% cash; balance in 4, 8, and 12 months, with iterest and lien. After the sale of the shore lot, I will sell, for each hand, one Lot, 39 feet from by 2 0 deep to 5 2 -1 colley, north slue of College street, 30 leet east of Firstreet.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioncers.

SALES THIS WEEK.

CESDAY, Ang. 16, at 1 o'clock, CAOTHING AND DRY GOOTS.

8 0 Fants, Saturet and Union Casamore;
40 Couts.
210 Veta:
150 lots Knemeled, Tapestry, and Volvet Bags;
10 cases wool Hate;
50 doznes, ried Wool Shirta.
Alzo, for necount of American Express Co.,
20 pep Kninsook and Cambric partially diagraged.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 17, rt 10 c'circh, BOOTS AT D SMOTT. 400 cases Boots and Shops, assorted. 100 caser Boots and Shoos, assorted.
Also, on account a who mit may concern,
50 cases Met's, Women's, and Children's Wear,
very fine goods and worthy the alteration of the

THIUBIDAY, Ang. 18 at 10 o'clock, by order of American express Co.
300 pkgs Unclaimed Goods. REIDAY, Aug. 19, at 10 o'clock, OEOCELLEC. OPOCELLE.

200 pkgs assorted Grecories, Wines, and Liquor 36 Lblasop, White Sugar. 100 kegs assorted Ruis, Brads, and Spikes. Sales positive. S. G. HENRY & CO., Anctioneers

TWO DAYS' AUCTION SALES By THOS. ANDERSON & CO. ON TUESDAY AND THURSDAY, August 16 and 18, 1864, of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Clothing.

Hats, Notions, &c. ON THURSDAY, 18th Argust, commencing at 93 o'clock A. E., the usual assortment of Stuple and Fancy Dr. Goods, Nothing, Silver-plated Ware; a.se invoices of heavy Over Coats, Pants, Woellen Jackets, Under-Shirts and Drawers, &c. Terms cash (bankable funds).

STEAMBOATS.

COUISVILL AND HENDERSON

REGULAR PACKET-U. S. MAIL LINE, Colleg at Cincipitati with Enrity Est CINCINNATI.
On and ofter Sunday, July 3 On and after Sunday, July 31st,
The magnil is the passenger steamer
MAJ, ANDERSON, Hillingerm, master
One of the above stamers will icuve for the above
nort daily at 11 o'clock A. M., and the steamer
EM MA FLOYD or NORMA will leave for the asm
rort daily at 3 o'clock P. M. For treight or passure apply on board or to

JOSEPH OAMPION, Agent,
1931 Office at the Wharfleat, toot of Trivist

Balling Harris name U.S. MAILEOATS. ke Owensberg, Evansville, and Render The new an light-drangit steamers Bt. G. T. GLE and 14 BAN. IN will leave treey The adversery. Friday, and Seturiny at 5 P. NOTICE

TELEGRAPHIO NEWS EVENING DESPATCHES.

The Late Operations at Mobile, Official Despatch to Government,

Gen. Granger Investing Ft. Morgan.

Garrisoning Fts. Gaines and Powell. Telegram from General Sheridan.

The Rebels Nearly All Decamped. Mojor's side, so that the Lord Chancel. Important from Bermuda Hundred.

The 10th Corps Cross James River.

Hancock's Corps Leave City Point.

A Ruse to Dezeive the Enemy. All Landed 12 Miles from Richmond.

They Brive in the Enemy's Pickeis.

Carrying Two Lines of Earthworks. Less than Nino Miles from Richmond

Grant & Meade Command in Person.

Our Troops 2 Miles from Ft. Darling. Rebel Force Routed at Dutch Sap.

Over Five Hundred Prisoners Taken

To the Assectated Press.

WASHINGTON, August 16. Secretary Stanton, in a despatch to General Dix, says that the Government has received an cflicial report of the surrender of Fort Geines, and the abandonment of Fort Powell, from Gen. Canby. Fort Gaines surrendered unconditionally, with 56 officers and 818 mea, an armament of 26 guus, and provisions for 12 months. The garrison of Fort Powell escaped. The armament of Fort Powell, 18 gnns. is fit for immediate use. Gen. Granger will immediately invest Fort Morgan, and will garrison Forts Gaines and Powell. A telegrem has been received from General Sheridan, dated the 14th, at Cedar Creek Ridge. Except Mosby's and White's gnerillas, the enemy have all left. Sheridan, in a review despetch sengths stories of plander previous despatch, says the stories of plu taken from Maryland by the rebels is hum-

The War Department has received an nnofficial report that movements were being made yesternay in front of Petersburg, but, owing to the lines being down, no tel has been received from headquarters. also without any intelligence from Atlanta. BALTIMORE, Angust 16.

The following news is published in the evening edition of the American:

Bermuda Hundred, August 16—Yesterday, the 2d corps (Hancock's) were going on to transports at City Point all day, apparently for Washington, and scarted down the river, their bands playing gayly. Of course the rebels were watching from the shore, and no doubt folt much interest in the movement. The transports did certainly go down the river for ten miles or more, when, however, they put abont, and returned under cover of the darkness, coming up by this place nader full speed at 10 P. M., and preceded up the river. At the same time, the 10th corps, with the artillery belonging to the 2d corps, were crossing to the north side of James river, and were all landed within twelve miles of Richmond before three o'clock this moreing. This force, with Gen. Foster's, makes quite a respectable army. It is understood their first move will be to destroy, if possible, the rebel pontoon bridges above Fort Derling. If this is done, Lee will be nnable to transfer his army to the north side, without marching via Manchester, more than twenty

miles. Thus far all works well.

Musketry firing was heard in the direction of this movement this morning. There was but little hard fighting done. Haacock accomplished his end by skilful mancenvring and a surprise, and consequently our loes was small, it being estimated at less than 100.

WASHINGTON, Angust 16. The mailboat Keyport reports a movement of the 2d corps up the James river on Saturday night, resulting in the routing of a large retcl force at Dutch Gap and the capture of over five hundred prisoners, besides aeven pieces of artillery. The position occupied by the enemy is said to have been a strong one and is now occupied by our troops, who are able to hold it. The Keyport took down from Benmuda Hundred to Fortress Monroe over one hundred prisoners from this fight, about

forty of whom claim to be deserters. NEW YORK, Angust 16. Gold opened at 2501/2, receded to 254, and closed dull at 255%. More than a million dellers werth of Government bunds were bought to-day at high rates.

FURTHER BY THE CITY OF BALTIMOBE. The reported capture of Atlanta cans degreat satisfaction in England among the riends of the Union. Confederate loan de-The Times says it appears that the Soath

American States will recognize the new government in Mexico before England. Vienna despatch save an armistice has been concluded with Denmark for three months, terminable on six weeks notice. The following is stated to be the basis of pence between Donmark and Prassia: Anstris, Lunenburg, Schleswig, and Holstein are to be ceded to two great German powerc, and the Island of Arrow is to remain with Denmark; Alsen and the islands in the North Sca are to go with Schleswig.

Liverpool, Angust 5.—Cotton dull, and declined 160 3rd, closing that and unchanged. Breadstuffs duil, and aslight decline. Provisions duil, with a downward tendency. Connols closed at 97 for mony. Hincis Central 43 discount. Eric 31 4. An advance of the Bank of Eugland rates to 8 per cent, has depressed the market.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

FORTRESS MONROR, August 15. The Harpital boat has arrived from Deer Bottom on James river, bringing one hundred men, who were wounded in the fight yesterday, after landing on the north side.

The Hero brought away all the wounded of the 18th army corps up to the 15th inst.—yesterday evening. Artillery and musketry firing has been kept up all day, and still continued when our informant left. Our forces drove in the rebel pickets early on Snnday merning, and during the day had succeeded in carrying two lines of the enemy's earthworks, the onter one being about nine miles rom Richmond.

The loss in the 2d army corps so far hes Generals Grant and Meade are commending is person.

Later.—The mailboat Keyport has arrived from City Point, and has on board one hundred rebel prisoners, captured during the chirmishing yeserday. Besides the earth-werks captured yeserday by our forces, there was also captured one battery that hore on onr men at work upon the canal, heretefore

WASHINGTON, August 16. The Secretary of the Navy had addressed a complimentary letter to Admiral Farragut, on the recent victory at Mobile.

LATER BY THE STEAMER ASIA. Liverpool.-The friends of the North were nuch disappointed that the alleged capture of Atlants was not confirmed, and Southern tympathizers loudly rejoiced.

The Morning Pest of to-day has an editorial denonacing the kilinapping of British subjects for the Federal service, and refers specially to the case of Irish, who were sub-cted in June last to gross indignities. After his release was obtained. It also says if the acts are proved the Government should not a ratisfied with anything less than the punerment of an concorded.

The Times has an editorial on the same intject, bolding it up to Irishmen as a warning, not only against the Fedoral service, but se sinst emigration to America.

The following parapraph is from the W Albany Ledger of yesterday evening: We understand that saveral of the citizens of Paducah and Columbus, who were ban-ished to Canada by order of Geu. Pnino, have reinred, and are now in Lonisville. They say they went to Canada according to order, but were not required to stay there.

The extraordinary Yelverton divorce case, which has been before the public six years in some form or other, was decided in the House of Lords on the 27th, on appeal rom the Court of Session of Septiand. A beter illustration of "the glorious nucertainty of the law" could not be found than this seme case. The peers who heard the appeal were ave, namely, the Lord Chancellor, Lord

Brongbam, Lord Wensleydale (formerly Ba on Parke), Lord Cheimsford, and Lord Kingadown. The first two were in favor of Miss Longworth (or rather Mrs. Yelver ten), the third was in doubt, the last two were for Major Yelverton. But on the day of delivering judgment, Lord Brongham was absent, and Lord Wenslevdale had been gained over to the lor constituted a minority of one. The nefortunate lady received the decision which declares her not to be the wife of Yelverton with the ntmost agony. A series of fainting fits ensued, from which she was with difficulty recovered. A more monstrous jumble of laws was never heard of. Miss Longworth was pronouaced Major Yelverton's wife by a jury in Ireland, and the verdict was affirmed on appeal by the Irlsh judges. In Scotland it was originally decided that she was not his wife; then on appeal to the Court of Session that she weshls wife; and now, on appeal to

tho House of Lords, that she is not his wife. But the question is not settled yet; for it seems there is still an appeal left to the laws of Scotland.

General Carrington has issued the fol owing order:

The daily demonstration by gueriles perties upon the border, and the constant smaggling it arms and ammunition to rebels, requiring mmediate action, the following instructions are enjoined upon all commandants of posts nd all patrolling parties along the Ohio river:
1. No armed citizeas, whether for hanting rpcses or otherwise, will cross the Ohio river into Kentucky without a proper permit, and all attempting to do so will be arrested and reported at these headquarters for exami-

2. All armed men crossing from Kentncky into Indiana, nnless United States soldiers, under a commissioned officer, and in the line of duty, will be arrested and reported at the near at post for examination or trial; and any gnerillas so crossing, and disgnised in Federal uniform, will be summarily dealt with by

military commission.

3. All persons or parties so crossing, and eagaged in plundering, horse-stealing, or other offences against the public peace, and all per-eoas whomeoever, crossing, by fords or skiff. who do not give satisfectory account of them-selves will be arrested and reported to the

nearest post commander.

4. All rebel deserters who have been sent nerth of the Ohio river, upon taking the oath ot alleglance, and who violate the seme by avowed sympathy with the rebel cause or otherwise. erwise, will be arrested and sent to these head-Hereafter nil such persons will report

their names, antecedent history, and proposed residence, to the neerest Provest Marshal, who ill make return to the Acting Assistant rovost Mershal General at Indianapolis, and flences afterwards committed by them will e- dealt with es before indicated. 6. Commandants of posts are ordered, and rovest Marshals, Sheriffs, Officers of the Legion, and Justices of the Peace, are authorized and requested to carry into imme-

diate and vigorous effect the provisions of this order, inruishing in each case the names and esidences of witnesses and an abstract of 7. Paregraphs 4, 5, and 6 heing of general mport, will be regarded throughout the

3. Commandants of trops on the bord r will co-operate fully with United States forces south of the Ohio river, and will unite with them in pursuing and exterminating the gnerilin bunds that infeat its shores. [For the Louisville Journal.]
KENTUUKY ASSOCIATION OF TEACHERS.

The following call for a meeting of the Kentncky Association of Teschers will show that he spirit of enterprise in the came of public ducation is still alive. Every teacher with a fair title to the name—every teacher having any interest in the cause above that of dollars and cents—every teacher desiring to promote his own happiness by the elevation of his proable and conscientions teacher will, if within the reage of reasonable possibility, not only lend his presence but also give his whole heart to the work on that occasion. Distinguished gentlemen from other States will be present. Will Kentucky teachers stand back?

'At the request of several distinguished members, the Kentneky Association of Teach ers is hereby called to meet in Louisville on the 23d day of Angust next. It is hoped that This invitation is intended to includ not only the Presidents and Professors of Colleges and higher Seminaries, but all teach mprovement and the elevation of our noble

profession. "It is known that since the ontbreak of the rebellion no meeting of the Association has been held. The repeated occupation of our State by the Confederate forces, and other Buscs incident to the present nnhappy condition of oar conntry, have prevented Ken tucky teachers from enjoying this means of improvement and pleasure, so highly prized by calightened educators everywhere. "Airangements will be made to render the occasion one of especial tnterest. Several sectures may be expected, both on professiona and scientific entirects. Officers and member the A.s. circion are requested to send sug scions for a more detailed programme of

xet class E. A. GRANT,
"Pres't Kentneky Association of Teachers State will ca'l attention to this meeting. MOTICES OF THE MAY

"LUCKY FELLOW! '-J. M. Armstrong, or Msin, opposite the National, has now open \$60 000 worth of fine elothing for men's and youths' wear, which he has been lucky ough to lay in at old prices, and of course is able to sell very cheap.

Messrs. Otis & Co., of 516 Main street are receiving and opening daily large and complete invoices of millinery goods, consisting of ladies' hats of all descriptions, headness, flowers, feathers, ruches, plain and fancy ribbone, quillings, and all kinds of velvet ribbone, all of which they are selling at the owest prices, and to which they invite the trade generally.

ATTEND TO IT IN TIME.—That is, never almost serious consequences may result. By Leglecting complaints of the character mentioned, at this season of the year, the system is often so rapidly reduced as to reach a stage beyond the help of mentiones before the patient can reselize the necessity of looking about him for a remedy. Bear in mind. about him for a remedy. Bear in mind, therefore, that Dr. D. Javne's Carminative Balsam will be found in all Stomech and acter as should lend the effected to give it a irial at once. Sold in Lonisville by R. A. Rebitson & Ca, Edward Wilder, and by uggists generally. al5 Mon, Wed, &Sat Wall puter and window spadesrge stock always on hand-new goods con-

Fave the drunkard it you can, for the take of his family and the good of socioty.

Try him with Urban's Inebriate's Hopo, precared by Raymond & Co., 74 Fourth etreet, near Main. Hany old sots are nader lasting Indiana Asbuay University, Garencastle INDIANA.—The twenty-eighth year of this Institution will open September 14, 1864. Location healthful, expenses low, courses of study worthy poor young men, especially re-turned soldiers, admitted to the classical, eccentific, or preparatory departments free of

For further particulars address the President, Dr. Bowman, or the Secretary, Professor Wiley. au2 dlaw3* Plant.

Plant.

Plant.

The GREAT FAME WEIGH THIS MEDICINE
has acquired both here and throughout the Armice of the west and South as a remedy for Diarraces,
by sortery, and all relaxed condition of the howels,
limost precludes the accessive of the bowels. Maguire's Compound Extract Bonno

GEO. R. PATTON. GRAIN DEALER

RIVER NEWS. PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS YESTEROAY. llighland Chlef, Cin. Norman, Cin. Anglo-Sazon, Cin.

DEPARTURES THETEBOAY. And sen, Cin, llighland Chief, Cin. Lond Leoti, Cin. l stine, Hend.

The river et this point was stationary yesterday, ith Ob inches weter to the canal by the mark.
The weather was hot and sultry yesterdey. At oon a beavy rain set in, and cooled the atmosphore a more egrocable temperature. The steemer Catawba is making regular tri-weekly ips between Louisville and Concordia. She leaves ery Monday, Thursday, and Saturday, and will

FOR CINCIPNATI .- The Gen. Buoll is the mall-boat

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILIE JOURNAL TEXTS AT NEW York closed at 255 premium at noon, Here brokers were offering the same rates buying, and El cont higher solling. There is nething now in

We quote gold, sllver, exchunge, &c., as follows: Bnying. Selling. Nov York..... Philadelphia..... ... 36 dls. pnr @1-10

quote at 23 46@3 54; the former price for 76 ? cont BUTTER-Scarco at 35@45c 7 b. CANDLES AND SOAP-In fstr demnnd, and star canhe held firm at 302340. Tallow at 18@190. Boay at 12@15%0. Chersz-Firm and unchanged. We quote Western

Esserve at 19%c; Humburg at 200.

Corron Yanns-Udchanged. We'quote sales of Ma 00 at 86c, No. 600 at 830, and No. 700 at 81c. COAL-Unchanged. Holders are firm at 360 % bushel y the cart-load, and 30c by the barge-load at the river Conn-Is lu good demand at \$1 25@1 31 for oar and FLOUE-Murket quiet. We quote extra and family

2 29 5 @9 75; superfine at \$5@8 25. FTATHERS—Sales at 77c.
CZOCEBIES—Coffice quiet and unchanged at 507530. rushed st 32@33c. Molasses unchanged at \$1 15@1 1d. GINDENG .- Sales at \$1 45. Henr-We quote at \$135@150 7 ton. Prices are dull.

HAY-Unchanged at \$20@23 73 ton. Sales from store Oars-Remain nuchanged. Wa quote at 90095c. Chions-Wo quote at \$5@5 25.
Provisions-Quiet and nuchanged.
Effice-There is very little doing. Wo quote clover at \$15, timothy at \$5.2' @5.50, and flarseed at \$3.75.
Tobacco-rices unchanged. Sales of 293 hogsheads

to-day as follows: 5 nt \$10 50@10 75, 3 at \$11@11 75, 17 at \$12@12 75, 35 at \$13@13 75, 17 at \$14@14 75, 17 at \$16@15 75, 16 at \$16@16 75, 11 nt \$17@17 75, 12 at \$18@ 18 75, 3 at \$19 25@19 50, 4 at \$20@20 75, 6 at \$21@21 75, 1 t \$22@2275, 5 at \$23@\$23 50, 9 nt \$24@24 75, 16 at \$25@ 25 75, 6 at \$26@,26 50, 4 at \$27@27 75, 6 at \$28@28 75, 7 at \$29@22 75, 9 at \$30@30 75, 5 at \$31 25@31 75, 4 at \$32@32 75, 9 at \$33@33 75,3 at \$34@34 50, 8 at \$35@35 75, s at \$36@36 75, 1 at \$37, 6 at \$38@28 75, 7 at \$39@39 75 \$44, 1 at \$45 50, 4 at \$46@46 60, 1 at \$47 25, 4 at \$18 25@3 48 75, 4 at \$49@40 25, 1 at \$50, 2 at \$51, 1 at \$54, 1 at \$59, 1 at \$73 and 1 at \$81 78 100 hs.

We quote the different grades as follows: Lngs from 10@18c; Clarksville do from 14@22c; common shipping ieaf 18@240; medium 24@30c; good and line do 31@40c Clarksville do 40602c; mmunfacturing, common, 256 36c; good end fine 40@50c; choice and fancy 51@slc WHEAT-We quote red (May) rt \$1 75, Mediterrane

Woot-In good request and nuchniged. Wa note wool in grease at 64@65c, and washed at \$5n WHISKEY-Prices unchanged at \$1-73. No sales re-CINCINNATI, August 16, P. M.

CINCINNATI, Angust 16, P. M.

Flour is firmer and priceshigher; suporfine \$8.75\%
185, and extra \$9\%9 25. Wheat in good demand and bricks 2\%35 higher; red \$1.85\%187, and while \$2\%20 25.

Corn firmer. Sales of 5,000 bushels at \$1.40 in new nurnics, and 1,005 bushels to the Government at \$1.60 in the nemsit torms. Oats firm at 700 for new. Balos of old barley at \$1.75.

Whisky active. Sales of 900 burgals at \$1.72. fold barley at \$1.75.

Mess pork held at \$10. Balk meats held ic higher;
henders lot, and sides 17c. Lard held at 20%@sic,
Grecertes unchanged and steady,
Gold 256. Kaychance nar. Honey tight.
It rained considerably this evening.

NEW YORK, Angust 16, P. M western, for all aspeciments, at impers op-lon, at \$1.859, und \$2.35 lower; sales at \$2.1262 22 for bhicago spring, \$2.3402 34 for bhilwankee club, and 2.3624 41 for winter red Western. Corn ic hetter; alee at \$1.51\lambda 15\lambda 15 dor to mixed Western, and \$1.5\lambda 16 for Western yellow. Oals a little firmer at 97\lambda 2990, or Western r Western.
Coffee quiet nt 46@43c for Laguayra, 47½@18½c for Jo, 46@45c for Jaya, and 42c fer St. Domingo. Sugar rn; sales at 21½@21½o for Cuba, and 190 for Inferior. tolas or dull and nuctianged.
Petroleum firmer; sales of crude at 52@53c; refined n bond dull at 85@56, and refined free at 87@90.
Wool-Foreign very quiet, owing to the high prices isked; domestics are higher, with an upward tenden-

asked; domestics are higher, with an upward tenden-cy and good demand. Polk less active. Beef quiet and unchanged. Out ments firm; saley of shoulders at 175c, nad hums at 18c. Lardeteady. Uniter firm at 40@47c tor Ohio, and 17655c for State.
Money steady at 607 % cent. Sterling exchange dust and declining at 10s for gold. Oold rather easier, opening at 256%, declining to 256%, navancing to 256%, and closing quiet at 276%.

MARRIED. On the 14th lust., nt the Green street Cstholic burch, between Jneksen and Hancock, Mr. Ben incken to Miss Theresa Hontsman, all of this city.

At Greensbnig, Ky., on the 8th instant, after a protracted illness, fails Daisy file courte, daughter of Mr. J. M. S. McCorkle, aged 17 years and 8 months.

In Bardstown, Ky., on the 14th of August. Mrs ANNIE ADAMSON, aged 25 years, of typhold fever. Yes, our kind and gentle Annie has bid farewell to dientibly scenes, and, with wings of parity and holicess, she has scored to that bright homo to dwott where all is eternib barpiness. A co-estial breeze has waited her spiritnal form to hat heavenly malace, where n agrificence and spiencavenly palace, whose n agnificence and spien-nilliantly thine with n never fading colostial

We can but smile, with thoughts so sweet, As we fincy we see the angels meet. Per celestial form so radiant bright, L. bed in pure and spotiess white; With garlands wrent bed around her brow, Which beams with henvenly heanty now.

Dear Annie, we will ne'or forget your smiles, and the lonely hours begulled, for all will see ms out and lone, since thou art new forever gono, to alwell in heavenly bliss.

Where all is joy und bappiness. May we meet in our heavenly home,
And there together may we roam,
And join in the angelic chorus above,
Where all is pure and holy love;
And may we dwell torever there,
Is my short and eimple prayer.
Barbstown, KY.

"He giveth his beloved rest."

The bort and bearieous story hath a spoil,
That fines his way within the elides breast
And shrines theo parest in affection's coll.
Then west too sweet a flower
Toshed thy fragrance on this dull, cold earth—
Within thy spottess heart from hour to hour
Fenning forth some virtuo of celestial hirth!
Phre as untrodden snew,
Alied to angels is their sinless thoughts,
Anstorm without could chanke the gentle flow
Of Love's full stream from tonnts natuhisted brought.
The hily stars for those
Lind a sweet language, and the hourt-love stroams
With their soft voices wermed the girlish glee,
Or soothed the spirit in list troubled dreams.
With mother dear and loving sire
We watched thy commenauc, as a weeping child
For a dead mother's smill—line nation desire
Wasted our spirit like a tempest wild. or a dead mother's smile—men vain desire
Wasted our spirit like a tempest wild.
mournful watch we kept
In solemn silence near thy sleeping form;
hawn will bring hope was the thought that crept
Like a bright ray from heaven to caim the storm
could by Auger, and the e to enament to fest, and when our spirits spread their fresd wings, lit then not have the mansiona of the blest, their earth-stained pinions to their home to bring? on now then wendered

en now thon winderest By the pure waters in the better land; ull well wo know, our God, dear sister, blost, Unlies thy spirit with the angel band. HYATT, SMITH, & CO., PITTSBURG, YOUGHIOGHENY, HART-FORD OITY, & CANNEL GOAL,

THE OFFICE OF THE UNION INSUR-ANGE COMPANY and the Agencies represented by the three been temperarily removed to the front room over the Store of J. D. Bondarant. AUBERT ATWOOD. JAVA COFFEE-50 begs Rio and Javn for sale by PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, 80 BAGS PRIME BIO COFFEE in atore and for partial JNO. B. GHEENS & BRO.

say they went to Canada according to order, but were not required to stay there.

The bridge of the vicin of a desolate love is a "bridge of sighs"

To He bridge of sighs "

To He bridge of sight "

To He bridge of sighs "

To He bridge of sighs

BY SAME SOUCH.

It was on the 23d of August, 1861, when Sallie Russell put aside her girabood, au stopped, with a high arching pride, into tal glorions woman life, where there is so mn. erjoyment and pleasure, and the goldsu sun shine of happiness rests over the soul liks s benison from heavenl

She was a heantiful creature, and har knowledge of her own attractions rather heightened than decreased her powers of fas

cination and perfection. Of medium height, with a form graceful and fully developed, she walked a queenly Dian among splendid women. Har eyes were darkly, beantifully hlne; her hair, rippling in soft golden-brown waves over her classi head-half tangles, half curls; her complexion perfectly wonderful in the exquisite hlending of the rose and the llly; her mouth, rather inclined to be large-with full, crimson lips, arched und expressive, parting over a doublerow of the smallest, most perfect teath, white as the meat of the cocoa. Her mind was as cultivated as her form, and features were perfect; and yet with all this lovliness there was one hlemish on the heanty of her charactershe was most inordinately ambitious, a sentiment faw women entertain in the high-tide of her; and a well-dressed man is oftentimes life, love, and hope, when the heart and its untrammelled impulses mey possibly be con-

Sallie had had the misfortune to lose a most devoted father at an early age, and many deprivations assailed her and her beantiful mother, which etherwise they would have never known.

We will go hack to the day of her first advent into society-bidding defisoce to the world, and smiling a lofty smile of scorn on the meny timid girls, who, succembling to fate, soon ended their careers without a dream or hope above the mediocre station in life.

She was sitting alone, enveloped in a desr mantle of brown stndy, and the intricacies of her mind-wanderings displayed themselves in low, murmnring words, which yet were distinctly andible.

The room graced by her regal presence was rather common in its compartments of furuiture, the floor being covered with a cheap corpet, worn threedboro in many places, a low-posted single bedstead, two or three chairs, a little pine table, and a cheap lookingglass swinging over it, fastened by a red tapa atring to the wall.

She ress up and paced to and fro with rapid strides, talking on in an eager, earnest, and passionate strain.

"Yes, here am I, just elghteen-beautiful, talented, ambitious, horn to fill a queenly station in the social sphere, yet forced by destiny to rank among the parvenue. Obl my father, my gallant, glorious father! Wny, oh why in the high tide of success were you stricken down, leaving your wife and children desolate and uncered for in this wide, wide, hitter world? What great sln had yon committed that Gad should thus show His justness to erring humanity? Oal my soul sinks panting in my hreast when I think of the goseip-breakers that have dashed round ns since you died!

'My poor, hlessed mother, who loved you so. oh! my father, has borne the brunt of hattle like a heroids; and your wife rislug (as a star in the clear blue vault of Heaven gives glory to the gloom of the night) from ont the hitter weman calumnies that would fain in jealous envy have dashed her from the pedestal of her high estate. Carlos, poor boy, is so much younger than I, and then he is so delicate that richness and glory of our nams and race. My heartl You must die to-day, hecanse to-night I shall shan and forget you forever!" (and with a quick geeturs she clasped her hand? over her hreast.)

"Yes," she went on, after a moment's pause, in speech and pace, "die to-day because henceforth It shall be other than a heert-destiny which I will parsne. The neighbors who look with scorn upon onr up-stairs poverty and down stairs elegance shall cringe at my feet like curs that fear tho lash. I bide my

The door opened just then, and, turning quickly, Sallis faced her mother, a sweethrowed, soft-eyed, graceful woman, who looked every inch the ledy. She advanced in the epartment, and spoke eagerly, while r glad flush tinged her pale check with rose: "Sallie, you will appear to-night under charming anspices. General Ewing has colled, and asked permission to escort you to the "Walter's" to-night. He wished to see you, hnt I excused you nnder the plea of indisposition, and he went away. It will ba such distinguished honor to hear away the pulm from those Quigley's and Carlisle's-and General, tool"

"What did you tell him, mother?" "Obl that you would accept him (as a matter of course), and remain grateful for the courtesy which he so gallantly and gracefully extended." "That was right. I shall be worthy of my

darling little politic mammel" and Sallitook the happy face, where the care-wrinkles began to show, in her fair, soft hands, and kissed it reverently and tenderly.

Just then, as they stood together, one could almost wonder which was the most beantiful in form and feature—the mother, msllowed by time, care, and patience, shadows that fell with u softened halo of lovliness over her brow-er the danghter, with the warm lifeblood of youth, pride, heanty, and ambitton hounding, leaping, throbbing in her heart flashing in her eyes, crimsoning on her lips, and monlding her form to faultiess grace and symmetry.

The hours wore on in the still, quiet routine of the days at Sallie Russell's home-almost a mouolopy. The warm flush of noon passed off into the soft halo of sunset clouds, glorifying the world and heaven with their Syrian dyes; and then, when the cool, gray shadows of twilight and night fell over the earth-when the evening star shone like real presence—the maunal day labors were pnt aside, with a little feverish sigh, and Sallie enhmitted herself to her mother to b dressed for her debut.

At last her robes were adjusted, the jewels were clasped, the clock and Nubia wrapped round her, und General Ewing drew her hand over his arm and led her out to the carriage in waiting-prond that for once he claimed her for his own, even though he usserted his right amid the lynx-eyed worldings so roady to carp and criticise.

"Well, I'll declare; will the wonders of this world never cease?" emphatically exclaimed Mary Quigley, as she, with a little nervous excitement, patted her dainty satin slipper. down amid the soft woven flowers that stole all noises from the feet, and her eyes went restlessly wendering over the couple that ha just entered the drawing-room, and were paying their evening devoirs to their host und hostess-the "Walters."

They were Sallie Russell and Gen. Ewing; one locking well worthy the other!

The evening wore on in gayety and feetivity till the "wee sma' honrs begant the twal" an still there was no movement on the part of the gnesis to abandon the scene of beanty, grace, and hospitality. Sallie was undeniably the helle of the evening. Never had her wit sparkled so hrilliantly—never had she been so irresistably attractive and heau itnl. As worshippers at the shrine of an Eastern D:vinity, the "lords of creation" knelt with bowed heads and throbbing hearts hefore the omnipotence of her loveliness of form, feature, and intellect, that played its bright scintillations over them with electric radiance.

She wore a sofe, glossy, green satin robe that had been her mother's in her palmy days hnt which had been altered to snit the fash'o of the times-with a rich over-dress of quain fleecy lace. Its airy folds fell down arong her dimpled elbows, leaving the lower part of the fair, graceful arms exposed-with the sure and certain road.

dornment of two beau fallbeare' , ft wi d pearls-and the small, dainty hards was nessed in delicate kide. The same nightly wes gathered from the shoulders up arona the arching throat, and fastened with an old fashioned pearl pin. Her heir was rolled u from her brow in gentle, undulating, golde yn wet - of light, and foll down ar a

her shoulders in soft, massy ringlets. She looked indeed like a sweet sea-nym rom the coral caves. I mention ner at i with most particular attention, not because is one of my womanly prerogatives to do 81 bnt because I am woman enough to know me air heroins, with all her wit, all her intelled grace, and beanty, would be almost nttering neppreciated by either sex, did not her dress, like a gorgeous setting to a rich jewel, hring neh prend altitudes ont in bold relief fro a the medicare circle of humanity; and very just is this decree, in my humhla opinion, for it corrects many habits which for fear of criticiem would grow in unconfined naturalness. There is nothing more pleasing to the eye of the other sex as a prstty, tastily dressed woman; it gives tone and life to her lovellness. And surely (I speak from emperience, my dear gentlemen friends!) thers is nothing which so quickly tonches the taste and temperament and admiration of a woman as a genteelly attired and polite gentleman! And I do believe sincerely the dress oftentimes makes pleasure and manners. A well-dressed woman is ever at graceful ease with herestf and contributes to the enjoyment of all about fascinating, when otherwise he might have appeared dull. I do not approve of dandyism or feminine frivolity, but perfect gentility. But this is a digression from my story. Par-

don! I did it but for Sallic's charming self! That entertainment decided Sallie Russell's reinstallment in family position with the world. She became the "belle of the season." It was singular too, that she should be the latter, for she only went cut enough to make her face missed when she was away. One day the crisis came, as Sallie knew it must, and she stood ready, armor-girded for the con

It was in the spring of 1863, one quiet, inscions, dreamy day, when world-cares slip frem off the human heart like hroken gyves, and it sears up, up to the blue sky, and beyond it to the angel-home and the presence of

Sellie had been reading very bosily in the parlor, but, gradually overcome by eare and atigne, sho fell asleep.

An henr, perhaps two, passed by, and still she slumbered on in calm, luxurious dreamwaves, when the door uncoremoniously opened, and General Hwing entered. Ha parsed speechless hefora the beantiful, heauiful picture!

The hook had fallen from its npright posiion on her lap, one fair hand resting abova t-all rose and lily. Her graceful, shapely foot had stolen from ont the exare folds of her muslin dress, one round, pure arm was raised above her head, and her cheek, flushed with sleep, rested lovingly against its heauteous symmetry. Her hair had stelen from its confinement and lay on her neck kissing it in Inxurious fondness; her red lips were slightly parted, looking like ripe cherries in their cleft rose bnd beauty.

Fascinated, he drew nearer, nearer, nnti he stood beside her, and then, as if fairly bent inder some magic charm, he leaned over her and preesed his lips on her own, with passionuble loving kisses again and again. Thrilled with some Indefinable joy, Sallie started from her slumber, and opened her great blue. blue eyes, full of dreamy languor, to his face. He reeched out his arms and drew her close. close to his heart, whispering in clear, low, liquid love-music-

"Sallie Rnssell, I love you; I love you!" Her first impulse was to start away from him, hat remembering the scant rooms up stairs -remembering the mother who had loved and struggled for hsr. who depended noon her row as her last hope of happiness-remembering her yow to congner Fate and bear down her stern decree-remembering the world and neighbor calumnies und sneersremembering all these things, I say, she bowed her head npon his breast, to hide the bitter sneer npon her lip, the cold, hard light in her eye, saving softly, in a voice trembling and tender, that won'd, if he had only known t, have given him deep and ample penetration into the depths of feminine deception: "Euwin, do yon love me for brue?"

"Better than my life, darling-only tell me 'tis not in vain-and make me happy ! happy, us I long to bel" "Tis not in vain!" And the indescribable fascination of the heautiful eyes charmed him with glamoursome glory.

Why go on? Reader, if you love-or ever have loved-you know so well as I-of all the deys of hlissful joys-of golden sanlight and purple shadows; end, indeed, my "pon", crippled pen"-as 'Ik. Marvel says-is nad equate to the task of describing love, joy, as nature's God gave them, v.z., their fixts, and fascination that can only he felt.

their fee', and their teeth. And with these

If you love not, and never have loved, this all must seem to you hut simple extravagance Not so, though, thank Heaven, to those who huve found it is not all of life to live, but that there is a higher, holier faccination and jos that the angels even never know!

Three weeks later found Sallie robed in midal costnme, locking lovelier than ever b ore (as hrides alweys do) -and her prond mother in a fintter of glad, eeger delight at the snecess of her danghter.

Ohl mother, love-Ohl motherl proud. good, great, and true as you are, it is not of an hat you glance beneath the anriece to read Sallio went to New York on her hridal tour,

and when she came back to her old him. onco more it was in an elegunt carriage, withcut riders in livery, with dashing, fiery "roars," decked off in scarlet tassels and sitver-mounted barness; and General Ewing. devoted and lover-like as ever, lifted her out, and with tender grace and admiration, escorted her up the steps, where in the happy days of their vanished courtebip they had whiled away so many pleasant, tropic-plumaged honrs of golden aud crimson glory, to the envy of all the square-of neighbors and gos

Mrs. Russell went away from the old home n a day or so to the elegant mangion belongng to General Ewing on Broadway, where be most select creme de la creme only gained

Many who in their dark hours scorned them, would fain heve sought the annlight of their presence in their palmy days of success; but it was not proud Sallie Ewing's nature to forget the past, and though polite whenever as d wherever she mot the weather-flies, she was so frigid in her hanter that she ever freze then presumption into torpor.

She cutwitted Fate-married a rich ma devotedly attached to her, resented her at las happy mother's wrongs, and if at first sh did not love him so well as she dreamed s. might, and knew she could, she is just as conterted and happy as if her spirit-partner whom she has never seen, ie not wanderis over the broad earth, watching und waiting for the real joy of her presence, probably t end his career hy metrying some woma where God intended for another, but who guarded by the decrees of fate (Query. Is un God fate?), never will meet him natil the heavenly days when there will he no marriage

or giving in marriage. The notion that virtue is its own reward and that vice is its own punishment, is thoroughly exploded. You might as well say that when a man has planted a tree, he has

There is many a follow, who, as he leads leaves every time, not a footprint, but a rud scar apon the earth, a hourid, ghastly deformi'y, at every interval, a finrry print, a floreder mark-o fell men that he was a knowe to tell God that he is a fool

The way of life through this thicketel wilderness is plainer and more marked every time an bumble, hearty, pilgrim sonl go brough. The trodden track of patient suff r ing and pereistent pleading is beaten into the

MOUNT KEARSARGE AND ITS TRAD -TIONS.

A STORY OF A BEAR HUNT.

To the Editors of the N. Y. Post: It was a hapry institution that gove t name of Kearsaige to one of the most beautifuld fortunate of our slips of war. The apprinteness of the name was from the fir apparent to those who, like the wri er, have been familiar with the old meant in from earlie t recellection. It is, as lately states quated very n ar the cent r of t e 'Gracit cone, high above the many surrounding hills, us courty where all is bill and valley, for a the world as if it was the great heart of thu hard o'd State. It is not between the towns of Salabury and Sutton, but part'y in the rowrs, and partly in the towns of Andover Wi'mot, New London, and Warner. Th mountain is great as well as hard. It is ric in association, tradition, and sto y, but rich above ell in the character of the population which lives and grows about and upon the sideof this, to me, the mest beautiful of all the mountains of my native State. Like the land hey inbabit, though kind, honest, generaus, ven patriotie, they are, in one sense, very hard hem well, and know this to he trne. And when Kearsargo was first annoanced as the name of the new ship, it seemed like an ap-propriate recognition of and compliment to

his last quality of its hardy sons. It has been thought that at this time, when o much interest attaches to this beautiful ine, that the following story (the substance of which was published in the New Hampshire Patriot about 1828, the time when the occurerce it relates took place) illustrative of this characteristic of these mountaineers, may be read with interest. That the story is true, the writer of this has had abundant evidence from a personal inspection of the scars resulting from be wounds received in the battle, and fram the possession, hy a member of his own family, f the pelt of the unfortunata animal that in a ickless day engaged in a hand-to-hand fight

with John Chency.

The boys and the men of my native State are all hinters. The former are almost uniformly "good shots" quite early in fife, and men lose their love of exercising their skill when they grow older, and the appearance or supposed resence of any animal in their neighborhood arger than a gray squirrel or per ridge, becomes a canse of no little excitement. Some anch visitor was supposed to be in the town of Orange, N. II., in the summer of 1828, because of tha large number of sheep found dead n the pastures, killed by some savage beast. It was declared to he a wolf, and that this must be destroyed. In order to do this the town was surrounded by armed citizens, whosa plan was to gradually contract their lines, something after the plan of the modern "anaconda," till whatever of game might be enclosed hould be driven to the cen re of the ninished circle, and there is could easily be estroyed. In the number the wolf was experted to be. In the progress of the centracthe force, gave signs at the month of a cave which extended under a ledge of rock, that comething was suspected of being conceals there, and the conclusion was easy and quick that that something was the wolf. Up a this the men and the dogs prorecded to such dem n strations as it was supposed would induce the nonster to come out. And they were not mis-The only mistake was that it was not a wolf, but a black bear, declared by those who and the rearest opportunity for observation to bo a very large bear. Whether it was the dis appointment at seeing a bear iestead of a wolf r whether it was that peculiarly paralyzing surprise that sometimes momentarly and nnaccountably overcomes even stout-hearted hunters when they not larger game than they ar ut then thinking of, or whether the extraorinary size of the bour impressed them iu a manner which some persons think indicative of weakness, certain is is the beast passed off scatbaless between two ranks of men, each o whom held in his hand a weapon loaded-but only for a welf. They said the hear was very large. They were much laughed at. Some persons thought that the facts proved that they would make the proprietors obnoxious to the

were scared, and among the sowas John Cheney, charge of obscene publications. Only a few of the town of Su ton, N. II. In the month of October following this wol hunt, John and his brother, with their little cur, went aut on that side of Kearsarge which | mersten, which, it is more than whispered. lies in the town Sulten, to hunt and shoot | was settled by the payment of a large douceur really a variety of groupe. The method of the bunt then practised is, to trust the dog to find the game and seare it into a tree, and then so to fix the attention of the bird by constant harking, as to allow the approach of the hunter | spect, was for months the subject of uswapaunperceived by the bird, which thus falls an episodes of gentle blood and its amatory corman. Chency's dog barked in the course of the hunt, which is received by the hun cr as an Indication that he has driven his bird into a tice, and there he barked and waited the aplearance of his master, who did not fail to very respectable-looking Baronet of a fine old quickly respord to the call. But this time it race, and a vulgar, red-faced, tawdrily dresswas no partridge. It was no common grouse. ed ereature, known by the enphonious name In an excavation of the earth caused by the upthruing hy the roots of a huge tree, sat a largo hlack bear! This was a surprise, but it was ict a scare. The occasion was too i nporta it, lowever, to be passed without a "enancil of

war." In this case the result negative | the United States were fully informed of the proverb that "councils of war never figh". The Chenevs determined to gire hattle. But like wise soldiers they earefully considered their means of aggressive and defensive warfare as against the enemy before them. These were found to consist of one common | had intended. Englishmen must have more

shot fowling gun, of single barrel, with astol-crable supply of powder, and that size of shot used for shooting partidges One small car dog, and two men, one of them, John, as the writer knows from personal acquaintance, of rather less there medium size, with such weapons the two brothers determ ned to give hattle This il cy proceeded to initia e in the following menner: They coubled the quantity of shot in their sun, and at a very "short range," pou ed interest was chiefly bestowed on the little dog le being up to this time to most noisy of hi new sequaintances But the discharge of th musket changed all this and round him to sudden and wrathful sortie fr. m his qu et an mherto peaceful hole. He gave a fearful an l angry growl as he came cut, and made direction our fried John, evidently into ding to show him before the close of their acquaint ance what be thought of such intractine with

is proscriptive rights and provileges.

This bear was really large—he was very and all his own file was ut ones in a hisze He thought his neighbors of Orange were and making himself generally agreeable. To but so was the bear, and on he came, his huge apparent for econfo t or assurance, and in the net of a direct assult on his little antagonist. a ed on, and which probably as onished and

As the bear was just about to close in on his fee the active lit le man sprang suddenly to mobile Estl, and torgot for duty to God and one side, and then to he rear of his enemy, the husband. Fai hiers to her husband, she seizing him by the hind leg with both bis wes equally faithless to her lover, and a remost positive a surances that he had "none of the Orange boys to deal with." Neither this new mr de of attack hy "flank and rear," nor | W. , into her husband's hands. Ho instituted the assurance seemed agreeable to Bruiu, for a suit at law. The Court recognized her he at once set about doing his be t to get moral turpitude, and, after some deliceration, away. He ran down the side of the mountable Basessed David Smart Erskine Lord Cardross, tain, over rocks, brush, logs, knots, sticks, the side of this rough old reak, till he was damages. As Englishmen "love a lord" with ired of it. John, in the mantime, kept his | quite as much passion as English women, persurances, and, it is said, even with eurses, that he had "none of the Orange boys to deal with this time." Notwithstanding, in his de seent, he was rapidly parting with his gar-ments, portions of which could now be seen hanging to bush and knot and tree, till that which remained to him of them were but a

This wes continued for some time, till at est the hear's parience gave out. He would tand this no longer. It was evidently a los ng game, this running away from an enemy om whom there was no escape. And now with increase of wrath he stopped-he turned on the prostrate ragged man, who evidently whatever was true in some other respects, has Le advantage of his adversary in that of ac-He sprang to his feet, and when about with those more civilized, is sometimes practiced and re cived as evidence of the truest afection, he showed his nuter want of appreciation of this demonstration on the part of his a fish-bone which had lodged in her throat. w acquein ance from Orange by kno king | He also expressed himself anxious to heat im down with his fit. And this ho was so incivil es to report several times, as often as he was threatened with the 'bug," till his fit-

to was threatened with the "oug, the last sharp led dog a, peared on the scene and laid sharp hold of bruis's heels with his teeth.

This was too much. Two upon one was court, Lowever, required reflection hefore judging Mr. Hopley from her standpoint.

Judging Mr. Hopley from her standpoint.

Madetra "Madetra "Madetr evidently one too many, and so re reat was again reserted to, but with no better success than before. John renewed his old uttack. He caught the retreating beast again by the d squin cried out no Orange boys, and and religious instruction. The Dachess o axin he was dragged down the mountain side | Surherland, and that aris'ocratic "maff," cas before, till, probably from the same considerations as decided the termination of the previous retreat, the bear stopped. John sprang to his feet alan, and again knock debruin down. This, as before, he repeated. But now ho was becoming exhausted by this extra.

direct need flatt. His steagth was Pressic Prer - The public debt is now one cilion of but undered and twee 'v. seven milions four but or d and ulnety-two thousand ing, while he en my sill had a large suply of this nece sary clament of successful conflict. And, as is like to be the case, superior ne hundred and uinety dollars and thirty-one drength began to show its value in protracted cents. It is worthy of note that if three year and four mouths of war cause a public debt of the amount of ours at present, at the same rate it would take 1833 years of war, or

arout the dn.auon of the Christian era, to

The heer now had the best of

was not satisfied with meto embraces. He

hrew his adversary noon the ground, and having it all his own way, he proceeded to brook bones and lacerate flesh most cruelly

And here would probably have been the en-

wh n hruin was best satisfied with the cours

the fight was taking. He had not foreaken his friend in tho strife. But the extraordi-

nary progress of the two combatants down the

actated by the teeth of his enemy.

his rapid descent, were tho sum of his personal

ed whether their parts were ever all seen again.

body of the vanquiched; and it gives pleasure to the writer to he able to add that this was

found—flesh and hids, of sufficient value to pay the surgeon's feas for his attendance of the

services it was received. It weighed between four and five hnudred pounds, as was ascer-

tained by actual weight, and became the prop

erty of Dr. Henry Lyman, of Warren, M. H., formerly a surgeon in the United States army

in the war of 1812, who, as has been stated

was a near relative of the writer. In the year

30, while in the town of Sutton for sporting

rroses, the writer made inquiries of the ia-

abitante as to the truth of this story, which

they all confirmed as a matter of which they

had knowledge, and of which they were evi-

lently not a little prond. They were at tha rouble to find John Cheney and introduce him, and it was from his mouth that, substan-

tially, the above story was received. He also

idant satisfaction; and to the inquiry what he

now, in the light of his experience, thought of

such fights, swore that he "would do the same

ng again if he ever got the chancel" His

ighbors approved highly of this, and seemed

have no doubts that he would be equally

John Cheney was probably no more brave

and not much more daring or rash than his

sides of this hard old mountain. Their lives are spent in conquering difficulties, till at last

these are no longer perceived by them as such

They are so accustomed to success that all their calcula ions are based on this, and they

themselves are rarely conquered. How man

men like John Cheusy would have been ne

eestary on a late occasion to have seved the

mansion of Governor Bradford from destruc-

tion? Alas, for Maryland. In view of this

character of its inhabitants, what name more beautiful or appropriate for the ship that was to become historical, than Kearsarge?

Exclish Morals .- That this is a very sad

and wicked world, and that England is about

the wickedest part of it, nobody, the Boston

Post says, accustomed to perusing the Lon-

don newspapers can deny. The broad col-

nmus of those stiff-hacked, well set np jour-

rais, teem with the detailed reports of conju-

gal infidelities. Flagrant offences against

good morals are elaborated in a disgustingly

toothsome way, which, in other countries,

months ago the world rang with their ac-

counts of a charge brought against Lord Pel-

to an eseily mollified kushand. The Wynd

bam case, where the wife of a wealthy com-

moner hecams so infatuated with Giuglini,

the tenor singer, that she forgot all sslf-re-

respondence, still does service in the editorial

way. It is not a great while since the New

York Hotel numbered among its "gnests" a

of 'Skittles," for whom he had abandoned

an ancestral home, a lovely wife, and saveral

interesting children. The Cockney penny-a-

stains of the delinquent Baronet, the of the

immoral attributes of "Skittles." They be-

came celebrated at once, of conrse, but, it was

rumored, left New York city sooner than they

prurient tastes thun other people, or their

newspapers would not make such subjects so

promiuent a feature. There are said to he re-

porters in London who gain fabriles salaries

by their power in personal descriptions of

lika respondents. Their cieverness at the

minut a of toilets and physiognomics is cer-

The nohlemen of Eegland, those whis-

kered swells who part their hair in the middle,

or charge with the gix' hundred at Balaclava.

as duty to society or country may demand,

usually become public characters by some

such criminality as appeared in tho cases we

have instanced. They are mostly the Don

Juans and Lotharies of English life, though

humble apheres occasionally furnish sedneers

and destroyers of social happiness. The

Earl of Buchan, a name well known in Ea-

repe, we observe is the last acknowledged

cultrit. Given to the tnrf and horseflesh, he

was erjoying himself on agreecht race-course,

betting briskly, saluting his acquaintances

one married lady, a Mrs. Walay, to whom he

had been introduced, he paid especial atten-

hitherto uncheckered. She had had nothing

bles" But, being weak and vain as well as

handdome, ehe listened to the voice of the

poble Earl, and lorgot her duty to God and

by the wrong person, and finally found I's

commonly called Earl of Buchan, in £2 000

assuaged by the pecuniary results of the trial,

and the association of his name with the no-

bility. The Russian prince's surprise at hear-

ing his wife complain of the Czar's admiration

ol her heauty, is a feeling somewhat under-

As if, however, to show how wide spread

is conjugal nuhappiness in Great Britain, the

same paper which gives the ascount of Mrs.

Waldy's misdemeanor contains another di-

voice trial. Mrs. Fauny Hopley, representing

heiself to be eighteen and msrried to aschool-

master, begged the court to separate her from

her husband on the ground of crnelty. She

stated that Mr. Hopley has kicked her in the

back, spit in her face, strnek her, put her new-

born child in a fish-hamper, and npon cna

occasion hoped she would choke to death with

out Ler brains with a poker. Poor Fainy

steed in Eegland.

tainty marvelleus.

lady defendants or middle-uged gen.leman-

liners did full instics to this event. The

neighbors. He was a good representative of

ccessful iu a second encounter.

exhibited his sears on his arm and leg with ev-

token bones and wounds, and that for these

s; hut his clotheal it may well be donbt-

f which was also badly torn.

mely interference of his brother, ju-

These two paragraphs appeared in on morring edition of Thesdey last, one on the first page, the other on the third. To the casnal observer the relative difference bet ween the two statements is so very apparent that side of the mountain had been so rapid as, no to this time, he had been left quite bebind and ont of the calculations of both. Now he came he, without inquiring more closely into the facts, is ready to charge as with inconsistency. The word billion in Worcester is thus defined np, armed with the empty guu, with which he proceeded to give such blows over the sensitive hy Greenleaf: "According to the Franch method of numeration in use on the continent nons of the ugly heast as soon brought him to terms. With this slight weapon he actually "knocked out the brains" of the bear. of Barore and in the United States, a thou sand millions or 1,000,000,000. According to There was now opportunity to look over the attle-field and speculain the extent of damthe English method used in Great Britain and the British Provinces, a million of millions ages to the parties engaged. John was found with the bone of his right arm broken above the chow, and the flesh of this part much laor 1,000,000,000,000." With this definition hefore us, it is scarcely necessary for us to state that one calculation was made according teso bitten through the right thigh, the flesh to the French method; the other hy the Euglish, and, therefors, both are correct and fully These, with the many bruises received, la

anthorized. We have no desire to mislead the public in regard to the National deht, for assuredly it is large enough. We published the two peragraphs merely as a curiosity of statistics. Both the English and French methods of numeration are in use in the United States, though the preference is given to the Franch system, and it is generally adopted by basiness men. In all our standard works on mathematics, both systems are fully taught, and, in giving the statements to the publicon Tnesday, calculated according to rules of the respective systems, we did not presume that so many would question our motives. We felt confident that if they would recall their school-hoy days, when they pondered over the problems in arithmstic, the fact would appear plain to them that both statements were correct, and in accordance with established rnles.

MILITARY.

HOSPITAL DIBBOTORY. R. H. Githert Surgean U. S. Volunteers, Superintendent and Medical Director General Hospitals, Louisville, Jeffersonville, and New Albany-Office or Weinst etreet, between Fourth and Fifth.

weinstered, netween south and Fifth,
GLAY ARROAD HOSPITAL,
Alexander T. Watson, U. S. Vole, in charge,
Franch B, corner fifteenth and Broadway,
Franch B, corner fifteenth and Rajn.
Standt O, Sixth street, hervies Walrut and Chest
one. Branck D, corner of Brook and Broadway (Officers') BRUPTIVE ORBIBAO MOSPITAL.

Francis Green, Surgeon U. S. Vols., in charge.
Brenca No. 1, en Bardstown road, beyond old tellgete (Smell Pex).
Breuch No. 3, Grimn Hense, 8% miles est on Rewburg road.

Branch No. 3, Johnson Monse, between Bardstewn and Newturg roads.

Branch No. 4, Goza House, on Newburg road (Measlee). BROWN GONRRAR HOSPITAB. On hill east of Park Berracks, Third street. Blen-cowe E. Fryer, Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., in charge,

TOTTOR GENERAL BOSPITAL. lof Breadway. A. O. Swartsweider, Surgeon fols., Incharge. MER ALBANY, MIDIAKA. Thes. W. Fry, Surgeon U. S. V., Superintendent of Hespitele, in sharge. Office—De Pew House, Main

cet. Heapilel No. 4, corner of Bighth and Main exects. Heapilel No. 5, old Tabler Bouse, Main atrect. Hospilal No. 5, corner of Seventh and Bim atrects Hospital No. 5, Scott & Brindley's Buildidgs, Main reet. Hospital No. 11 (solored), Oak street, near zallread Wood Hospital, Vincennes street. Ohio General Hospital (floating). JHFFERSONVILLE GONRAL HORFITAL

One mile above the city. M. Goldsmith, Surgen United States Volunteers, in charge. JON HOLY HOSPITAN One mile below the city. H. P. Stearns, Snrgeon U. B. Vols., in charge. GONERAO HOSPITAN NO. 10.

Wear the railroad depos. Act, Asa't Surgeon M. H Bired, U. S. A., in clearge.

INSURANCE



CASH ASSETS 1st July \$3,275,000 The ETHA presents unsurpassed facilities for first-class Insurance upon all property liable to destruc-tion by Fire. DWELLING-HOUSES insured for three or five

SAINT LOUIS Mutual

Of St. Louis, Mo.

Capital Stock, as az original basis, \$100.000

Assets, July 1st, 1864, - \$323,056 66 DIVIDIND (Declared to Policy Holders) 40 pr cs

may The following, showing the entire amount of losses incurred and promptly paid by this company since He organization, Jawany, 1868, gives ample avidence of the care and prudonce exercised in the selection of its risks, and its assets also shew its complete anosess, and that Western men and Western Institu-tions are as fully reliable and quite as sate as those of LOSSES in 61/2 years only - - \$21,500

Where is there a Company that can moke a bet MS Divilends to Policy-holders declared annually the first of January (this year 4) PEZ CENT), desides at gle reservo fund for Re-invarance.

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DIRECTORS.

JAMES H. LUCAS.
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POBF, K. WOODS, Genhier M. rehuta Bank,
JULEN YALLE, Chouten, Herrison, & Valle,
GEO, B. ROBINSON, Rollingon & Garrari,
CHAS, W. McCo-RD, McCord & Oo., Machinists,
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J. L. JENNINOS, M. D., Special Agent.

Franklin Insurance Company, Louisville, Kv., April 4, 165
The frequency and twelve Directors, held this dethowing gent men were duly clasted for memayour: JAMES PAABON, President.

Plestrons

Mm. Garric,
D. Nowtoomb,
J.S. Lithgew,
J.S. Lithgew,
J.P. Torbits,
F. Coo. 3 rderson,
Mm. J. Anders
J. J. Torbits,
J. Lithgew,
J. Lithgew, This Company continues to do a general Marin of Fire Interapes Enginess at its office, corner of the and fullist errects, over Citizens' Early, imme aly opposite its former location. Sharing Business is done on the mutual principles

5 ½ pipes Rochelle
2 pipes pure Holland Oin;
2 punctions N. E. Run;
2 punctions N. E. Run;
2 Jamales Run, very fine;
6 runebeen Scotch Whisky, very fine;
In storo and for sale low by J. MONKS & CODB,

WEATTING PAPER-2,500 bnndles S raw Paper; Just received and for sale by
pl4 OERIN BAWSON, 233 Main et, REAL ESTATE.

For Sale,
A TRACT OF 20 AURES, WELL TIMBERED,
a situated between the Nashville Enliroad and the
Preston street or Flet Lick Turnpike road, six mike G. T. BERGHANN, ly6 dtf South side Jovernou at., Let Fourth a Firth THE E. DUNGAN. Africa Abrason Adie

DUNGAN & JENNINGS

(Sucersons to W. H. Dungan), Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers, Mo. 419 Jefferson st., bet. Fourth & Fifth, np stairs, LOUISVILLE, KY. COUISVILLE, K
Glazebrock, Erc., & Co., Loniedito, Ky.
Heil & Harris,
Lawis & Bro., New Albany, Ind.
W. H. Fry, Fee, Madison,
Hickerman & Hisroe, indianapells, Ind.
Hon. V. B. Morton, Pomeroy, Ohlo.
Hon. J. E. Fisk, Covingtes, Ky.
S. W. Pemeroy, Ec., Ouchmail, Obio.
V. F. Fritar, Reg.

S. W. Pomeroy, ash, Onesia. L. F. Potter, Esq., F. M. Finch, Esq., Frankiin, Ind. jy2dim a M ENGINE OF 13-INCH DIAMNTER OF WELcal lader and of 36-inch stocke, mounted on a retitantial cast from ted-frame, having deaths slide
raive, Jadsen governer valve, with main shaft and
sty-wheel is fest diamster and one 5-isot pulley it
inches face. Also pump pullers and that and at
necessary plaing to control engine, boiler, and pump.
Also two Boilers, 20 isst long, 46-inch dismester, with
fouthefines it-inch diamnser. The Singlina is as good
as new, having beast in use four mouths only, and is of
the best make. The Boilers are also in an excelous
carditan. Inquire e: Presers. Also in an excelous
carditan. Inquire e: Presers. Also in an excelous

For Sole,
A PAIR OF STEAM ANGINES, in good order and
In all complete, whe 4 feet stroke, 30 headed diameter,
Apply at Louisville Paper Pin. V. Bupont & Co.

KAILKUADS.

Lauisville and Nashville Railroad. Change of Time. ON AND APTER SUNDAY, SIAY 1, 1864, TRAINE will leave the Depot, corner of Rinth and Broad-

WAY—

BA. M. THEOUGH FERENCES Train for Nacaville, Bowling Oreen, and Olarkeville daily,

12 A. M. AND PASSENCES Train for Exacaville, Bowling Oreen, and Olarkeville daily,

13 A. M. EXPRESS PASSENCES Train for Lebence,
non, Parryville, Danville, Harradburg,
Oampbelisville, and Ollembia daily (except
Ennday),

6 F. M. ACCOMMODATION Train for Bardway
delly (except Bunday),

7 P. M. TASSENCER Train for Machville daily,
and

E. MAESHBL Sup't Trauportation,

Louisville & Frankfor and Lexington & Frankfort Radroads. On and after Menday, March 26, 1966,

THE MERGET TRAIN LEAVES DAILY (EXCEPT AND DAILY (EXCEPT AND DAILY (EXCEPT AND DAILY (EXCEPT AND DAILY (EXCEPT) AND DAILY (EXCEPT) AND DAILY (EXCEPT) AND ADDITIONAL ASSOCIATION OF A PROPERTY OF A PRO ione) have Louisvile of 4:20 F. M. Leave Frenkfort of 5 F. A. IV; and arrive at Louisville 6:6:10 A. M. 65 Side A. m. .

EMIGHT TEAINS is a committee and Lewington Daily (Sunday's excepted), page 48.

EARTH SILL, Sup's.

EFFERSONVILLE BAILROAD, TWO DAILY TRAINS NAVE JEFFEREURVILLE, OFFOSITE LAWS:

2:25 P. M. Street consections as believed AT SEYMOUR; r frakensk, Cime vir, Goreland, New Esth, Firston, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Balaimore, Virtsburg, Philadelphia, Balaimore, Virtsburg, Av. INDIABAPOLIS:

Boston, Beilimore, Weshington City, and C Section, Reliffmore, Weshington City, and all young keat and Northeast. If Cologo, Dourott, and all points in the Ferth and Forth west. Section, Ct. Louis, Manufical, Quincy, St. 1980ph.23 9:00 P. Mr. Daily (Sarardaya exception), need-

AT IADIANAFORM:
For all Barden and distributions of the for Tolodo, Debreil, and
for Tolodo, Debreil, and
for Ulioago and Northwestern and Western 500%.
For Ulioago and Northwestern and Western 500%.
For Passengers by taking this route established aftern established and the order taking the This rente is 6% MILIES EROBERTS, and typessees never 12 Med Bit in since over new seal of colour reutes to Onlong, and the Economy. Other runter to Chicago, and the Bothwest.

TOURS IN THE ONLY DIRECT ALL EAST ECONE.

TO HAPTERIA CHIEF.

THE FASSINGER Should ALACTE THE STATE THAT THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY MANY OWNERS of The Corporaty South and Third Strate, is at the S. E. Depot, Property lie.

There planares a few so be an advented by The Property of the S. E. Depot, Property lie. Drag Riwayn as inw as by may ester reaso.

JAMES FEBRIES.

RY General Ticket Asons

MEDICAL.

CAPERTER ATT BEST REMEDY KNOWN

FOR ALL

Eilione Complainte, Sick Headache, Costive ness, Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Sea Sickcess, Sc. DB. JAMES E. Unitation, the Camar Summers, easys: "I know its composition, and have no donhit will prove most beneficial in those compiaints for which it is recommended."

DB. THUMAS BUYD rays: "I emongly commend the notice of the public."

LDWARD G LUDLOW says: "I can with confidence recommend it 'DE. OEO, T. DEXIES easts: 'In Flatniency, Esartura, Ocajivence, S. A Headache, So., the SELTERS APERIENT In My bande has proved in-For ather testimonials see paraphlet with each bottle,

TARRANT & CO. 278 Greenwich street, New York.
FCR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
010 dosly

CATARRHI CATARRHI E. SEMENTS CHOUTD CAVARIED OF COULD KENNING TO STREET COULD KIND TO STREET COURT CANALY TO STREET COULD CANALY TO STREET COULD CANALY TO STREET COURT OF STREE

Desired of S. D. D. H. Bekers

Astrology and Alchymy. A LL THESE DESIROUS OF HAVING THEER

NOTICE.

I WOULD INFORM DESLETS IN MANUFACTURED TEACTOR in the city and sta distant that I am prepared at any time to serve them in the department, and shall be pleased to wait upon these with samples of anything this market affords at lowest figures obtained as a stabert uolke.

Tobacco and General Commission Myrchont, 1718 4 m. 196 Wait at, above the Gail Nouse.

in, about is years or age, black color, weight

CFFICE OF THE RENTIUM Y AND LOUISVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

LOUISVILLE, July 15, 1864.

THE POLICY-HOLDERS ARE HEREST NOTIA fed that, at a meeting of the Board of Directory of said Company on the 2d July, 1864, it was ordered that a call of ten per cent be made on the stock notes to pay losser recentity standard.

Wanted.

AGED MULES and LONGUAV.

AGED MULES and LONGUAV. astlider Dinket, a best and becent. Window-Shades and Hollands. VISOE ADSOUTHETT AT WE. W. W. W. WOOD!

TWINE-TWINE-TWINE. A LARGE CUNIGHTENT OF DAMAN A Jost in efore and for sale by iviz did. Mck EBRAN & MENEFER. SACHING TWINE. LABGE CONSIGNMENT OF ASCORTS A Sacking Twins just received and for sale low close by (1912 do) MCFERBAN & MENEFEE.

3. BBLS APPLE BRANDI; 2 httsex rafile Appr dy; 3 this Peach do; 3 this Peach do, In core and to and Job HEEDS 2 BMs. 10 DASKS PORT WIND. 10 15 de Madeira de 10 this Muscat de 20 bhis Muscat de 15 bl le Ginger 15 bl le Ginger 1

aroadway irug Stor C SAMLETS Brish 2. bates a sited transfer to . AWGIO, E CHA PROPERTOR of Aty Will by There and French RODISTILLE, ET. 25 % PAPAS A. SEL DETTE BEANDER
15 % physic Cognac do;
20 this fl. Y.
20 store and for male sy
as VAUER AND PRIVER MEDICINES. OFFERIC and Drugs, shades to state they knowled adapter and Winner for medical writes en extra court, chewing and suchily the more thank-robiets, Only most Morphe State Bundling actions the State Bundling action actions the State Bundling actions the State Bundling action

CLOTHING!

Cogartnership.

JONES & TAPP,

FINE CLOTHING

Furnishing Goods.

SIXTH STREET, LOUISVILLE, MY.

We respectfully invite werchants to give our stoch an examination before having.

No. 257 Broadway, NEW YORK,

IMPORTERS OF

German and English Hosiery,

Laces and Dress Trimmings,

TO WHICH THAT INVITE THE

WHOLESALE TRADE

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A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,

Wholesale Grocer.

COMMISSIONMERCHANTS.

2. TOB, northwest corner Seventh and Main at

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Mo. 223 Main st., between Second and Third.

Provision & Commission Merchants,

D HALERS IN FORK, EACON, LAED, STAGE OF Henre, Flour, Alcohel, Cologne Spirits, pure Copper and Bourbon Whitery; agents for the sale of the colebrated Willow Eur Bourbon Whitery.

BOYAL HAVANA LOTTER Y-In Drawte

f Ray 28, No. 24,271 drew \$100,000, No. 1 \$50,000, Ma. 26,023 drew \$25,000, No. 11,562 0, No. 21,918 drew \$5,000 60 per cent pren

Proposals for Lean.

BROADWAY MILLS

Corner Tenth & Broadway sts.,

Near L. & R. R. Depot,

LOUISVILLE, MY

DE HEAT-WHEAT WANTED AT THE HIGH VV est market price. Flour and Offil always estands, and orders for distivery crehignment of cited promptly attended to.

AM'Is A. MILLER, Proprietor.

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CLEANSING AND TONIC BITTERS

A. SHRADER, No. 210 MARKER STREET.

ure call and get it and try it. There is no misches in it. It is a severeign remedy in diseases of the iners, blver, oud Blood.

MILE SICHNESS CURED.

Its Cause and a specific Antidote Dis-

covered-Warranted Effectual

in Every Case.

is diff [1.E. A. G. SELMAN, indianapolis, Ind.

3,000 GRAIN SACES FOR SALE.

COMETHINO NEW.—We have just re-elved in elpo 1) a vary the article of NEW MLESS HEMP ORATH MACKS, manuactured from the best Kentucky hemp. We sek the attention of all persons interested in the grain business to this article as being by far the conespest and most durable seek new made. 19:23/30 MCFRISHAN & MENNEEK.

COPPER WHISKEY.

FINE STOCK OF BEST BRANDS OF KEN-tucky Copper Whisker. 1912 d30 MCFEBRAR & MENEFER.

WM. T. BARTLEY.

Cotton, Factor

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No. 23 EBOAD ST., MAW YORK,

WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE

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CLAIR VOYANCE.

the latter will be noticed except it contains the latter will be noticed except it contains the one statistically, and address the one-sions statistically, and address about 1 one of the first latter will be not 1 one of the latter will be not 1 one of 1 one

RDS, BASHES, PISTOLS, CARSINES, 2nd AMMUNIT

ATWEOLESALE, B. KITTELOE & Co., Olucinast, Obio.

O. K. KING & CO.,

TOBACCO AND COTTON FACTORS

No. 24 Broad st., NEW YORK

a dynnes will be made on shinments to show here
A. O. & Jao. S. Dennin, and action wifees, for
int the

F. H. HIBSON.

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VENE P. ABNSTBOXG

HOUSMAN &

Men's and Ladies Gloves,

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G. JONES.

DYSPEPSIA Dissolution. INDE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFF AREXIST-Ing between C. G. JONES and C. A. GRAVES in Wholesele Clathing business, under the firm of DISEASES RESULTING FROM

C. A. GEAVES. DISORDERS OF THE LIVE G. JONES AND P. H. TAPP HAVE THIS
Cay formed a copartnership for transacting the
MHOLDBALK OL THISO and FERNISHIN J
50 DS business nader the firm of JONES & TAPP.
July 1, 1864.

> Digestive Organs, ARE OURED BY

> > HOOFLAND'S

The Great Strengthenday

TONIC.

Other Article in the Mark .

Hoofland's German Bitter WHE GURE HARY SASH OF

Chronie or Nervous Debility, Diseases all from a Disordered Stomech. SPERNYR THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS

Reculting from Disorders of the Digostive Organic Constitution, Inward Piles, Finance of Field to and fined, Acidity of the Stomach, Neurosa, Kearthery, Biggnet for Food, Funess or Weight in the Stomach, Sear Eructations, Sinking or Fintering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Harrist, and Difficult Breaking, Fintering at the Heert, Cacking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Fosture, Pinness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Buff Pata from the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Tallowaess of the Skia and Byos, Pain in the Head, Defact, Limbs, &c., Andden Finshes of Leat, Burning in the Flesh, Counter Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Leat, Burning in the Plesh, Counter Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Leat, Survey and Stomach Limbs, Stom

> REMEMBER THIS BITTERS IS

Not Alcoholic,

Rum or Whiskey, and Can't was a Drunkards. But is the Best Tonia

READ WHO SAYS Tabasury Department, July 25, 1804.

Notice is hereby given that subscriptions will be received by the Tressurer of the United States, the several Assilient Treasurers and Designated Depositories, and by the Astional Banke designated end qualified as Depositories and Finencial Agenta, for Treasury, Notes payable line years from August 18, 1844, beering interest at the rate of seven and three-seults per cut per anum, with remi-anunal componentationed, payable in lewful money.

There notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at majority, into six per cent gold bearing londs, rede-mable after five and psyable twenty years from August 15, 1867.

The Notes will be issued in the denominations of the holder had been successful to the sum of the sum of the property of

IN THE WORLD.

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Paster of the Bankis Church, Pemberten, H. J., formerly of the Nor h apulet Church, Philadelphia. Thave known Moefiand's German Bitters fare. Pror anumber of years. I have used them in my or family, and have been so pleased with their directant I was induced to recommend them to many or ors, and knew that they have operated in a six bandfield menner. I make great pleasar in the listy procleiming this fact, and calling the six of these afflicted with the diseases for which a recommended to these Bitters, knewing from a

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor et tas

peribers.
All rutscriptions must be for fifty collars, or seme multiple of fifty dollars.
Dup leate certificates will be irsued for all deposits. The party depositing must indorse upon the eriginal certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the efficer receiving the deposit, be be forwarded to this Department.
The notes will be transmitted be the owners free of transportation charges as seen after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared. Encyclopedia of Beligious Knowledge, and Unitarial Obrenicle, Philadelphia. Chrentole, Philadelphia.

Athough not disposed to havor or recommand Fetoat Medicines in general, through district of the gingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a men mey not testify to the hencits he believes himself to have received from any surgicing preparation, in the hose that he may thus och tributh to the boneft of athers.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hosfith German Bittors, prepared by Dr. O. M. Jackers this city, because I was presidioed against these formany years, nader the impression that they see children and according to the president of the previous formal properties to try them when navering from great and ions extinct the prejudice by proper tests, and for ancouragement to try thom when navering from great and ions extinued debility. The use of three bettles of them when navering from great and ions extinued about the previous year, was also lowed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had and set to great youghts before, and had almost despaired of regarding. I therefore thank God and my friend for directions.

the thom. J. BEWTON BROWN, Philist-library From the Rev. Jos. H. Konnard, Paster of the Buch Baytist Church. DR. JACKFOR:

Dr. Jackbon:

Dear NW-I have been frequently toquested to evenet my-nome with commondations of different kins of medicines, but regarding the practice as ont o, a appropriate appres, I have in all cases declined; with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my family, of the northwest of the Control Common Bitters, I depart for once from my motions to express my roll controlled to each, for good claiming of the system, and expectally for Liver plant, it is a caps and saintly programators. In control it may tail; but naturally, I don't not, if wither the model in the two who makes from the rich course.

Kotte, very respect tally.

Eighth below Coates threat, Philadelpy a

From Rev. Werren Bandeiph, Factor of burn

Deer Sir-Personal experience anables are to that I regard the German Bitters prepared by common Bitters prepared by common servellent medicine. In case of several general debits I have been greatly benefits the use of the Bitters, and denbt not they we therefore the Bitters, and denbt not they we there similar affects on others.

Koars, truly,

WAZEEN RANDOLFI.

Generaltews For

Thurch, Philadolphia.

Columbus '(N. J.) and Milestown (Pa.1 Rageria

Da. O. M. JACKSON:

From the flow, Thos. Winter, Parter of Roghe ..

herch, Antatown, Berks County, Pa. PR. O. M. JACKSON:

Berydded Sir-I have been trenbled with Dysperion of the best years, and have never used any nation of the best did me as much good as Hoofand's Ethats. I em very much improved in healts, after her in taken five bottles.

Kours, with respect.

J. H. HEIGHER.

BEWARE OF COUNTERPETTA!

o net ba put off by any of the intoxicating preparalions that may he offered in its place, but send se up.

PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by Druggian and Design in every tems.

Proprioters

DE. JACKSON:

DR. SFIMAN'S TREATHER ON MILK BICK-BEST.—This is one of the next important medi-cal discoveries or the age. Milk Sickness has been a terror la the inhabitants of the Northwest for the last century, Every family should now previde the analys-with this variantic work at once. Price 82, Sent by

Da. JACKSON!

Dear & -1 feel it due to your axcellant presentation.

Hoofland's Oerman Eitters, to add my testimony the deserved reputstion it has obtained. I have a great, at thuse, been troubled with great dispraction by head and servous existem. I was advised by friend to try a boilto of your German Eitters. I iso, and have expectenced great and anexpected lief; my health has been very malerially boach it confidently recomment the nrticle where I many the comment at he middle where I many the confidently recomment at he middle where I many the confidently recommend the nrticle where I many the confidently recommend at health as here been seen that the proof of their sould effects.

Hespectrilly yours,

T. WINTER, Featbecough, Page

PRICES.

See that the signature of "CL M. JACK SON" on the WRAPRER of each bottle.

and we will forward, seenrely packed, by express Principal Office and Manufacter. NO. 631 ARCH STREET.

the United States.

JONES & EVANS Successors to O. M. Jackson & Co